THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN.
Is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY,
BY JAMES G. HASSON.

Guaranteed Circulation, - - 1,200

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VOLUME XXII. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 11, 1888. NUMBER 16.

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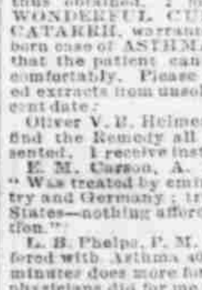
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A GILDED SIN.

BY BERTHA M. CLAY.

"Never do that again, child," he said "never again."

She glanced at him quickly, not understanding. How should she?

"Have I vexed you?" she asked. "I am sorry, for you are so kind."

"You have not vexed me, Veronica," he said. "Why should you have done so? English people are unused to showing emotion—yours startled me. I am pleased that you like the jewels. I shall be glad to see you wear them when your black dresses are laid aside."

By the middle of December Veronica was quite at home. How she loved Katherine! She had a strange, vague, undefined sentiment about Sir Jasper—a feeling that even she herself could not understand. She was grateful to Lady Brandon; She would have done anything for her. But it was Katherine whom she loved—the beautiful, dainty, capricious young heiress—Katherine, who had been the first to love her. There was something almost pathetic in the way in which she followed her about and waited upon her. She would have served her almost on her knees. She watched her every look, waited for her every word. Lady Brandon was amused by it, Sir Jasper was pained.

She had been introduced to most of their friends and neighbors; the beautiful Venetian girl whose face was a study, whose voice was like music, was admired by all who saw her. She went with Katherine to all the balls, the soirees, the parties in the neighborhood, where they reigned as queens. There was no jealousy, no rivalry between them. How could there be, when Veronica worshipped her brilliant young sister?

So Christmas came, and it was, as usual, kept up in right good English style at Queen's Chase. Every man, woman, and child on the estate was the happier for its coming, and richer; Sir Jasper was most liberal. The friends he had invited came, and among them was Alton, Lord Wynleigh, who had decided not to leave Queen's Chase until he had won the hand of its heiress. He conquered after a few days' hard siege; the lovely, willful girl had plighted her troth to him, and he knew that she would keep it sacred until death. It was a pretty love-story, coming to a crisis on Christmas Eve, as he held her under the mistletoe and demanded the forfeit.

"Give me something else, Kate," he said. "A kiss from you is indeed a favor, but I want something more."

"What do you want?" she asked.

"I want your love, your promise to be my wife, your troth-plight. I want you, my darling, to be my own forever and ever. What do you say?"

The sweet flushed face drooped before his, the blue eyes could not meet his own, the sweet lips opened, but he did not hear the faint whisper that came from them.

"Kate," he said, "what do you say? You know, my darling, if I thought you did not love me, I would go away now from out of the light of your sweet presence, and I would—well, I should be worth nothing all the rest of my life. You see, Kate, you are a great heiress—that makes all the difference."

"What difference does it make?" she asked.

"Just this—that if you were not a great heiress, I would make you love me. I would clasp you now in my arms and kiss you until you said 'Yes' but—"

"But what, Alton?"

"If I urged you too much, and prayed and begged of you as it is in my heart to pray, you might think I cared about your fortune; but I do not."

"I am sure you do not," she replied.

"My darling," he said, drawing her nearer to him, "you trust me; you shall see that your trust is not in vain. Will you be my wife, Kate?"

The answer this time must have satisfied him, for he kissed the lips on which it trembled, murmuring words that were sweetest music to Katherine.

"I shall work for you, Kate," he said—"my Kate, the bonniest Kate in Christendom. I will not ask you to marry me until I have made a position worthy of your father's daughter. I have led a useless life, but it shall be useless no more. I will work for you. Men shall never say I married an heiress for her money. Kate, your sweet love has made a man of me. To-morrow will be Christmas Day, and in the morning I shall go to your father and tell him. Will he give you to me, Kate?"

"I hope so," she replied silently. "He would do anything to make me happy."

That was why Sir Jasper sat on Christmas morning as the gay bells were ringing, with saddened eyes and darkening face, while the great heart of the world beat high with joy. Lord Wynleigh had waited upon him to make his formal request for his daughter's hand. Sir Jasper listened kindly—he had a great liking for the gallant, handsome young lover.

"What am I to say to you, Wynleigh? My daughter has many suitors. I should like her to marry the one she loves best."

"That is myself, Sir Jasper," he replied, proudly.

Sir Jasper smiled.

"You think so. Well, there is one remark I must make. So far as regards 'worldly goods,' you are certainly not the most eligible lover."

"Never mind that, Sir Jasper," said Lord Wynleigh. "I know it, and am going to remedy it. Do not imagine that I am saying to you, Give me your daughter now at once—my hands are empty, but she will fill them. It is not that. I say, give me the hope of one day calling Katherine my wife, and I will set to work at once. I will make such a name that I shall not be ashamed to ask her to share it. Will you say 'Yes' Sir Jasper?"

"You speak bravely. You are sure my daughter loves you?"

"Kate says so," the young man replied, "and she never speaks falsely."

"Then I give my consent," said Sir Jasper. "But Katherine is too young to marry yet. She must wait a year or two. The child is but just seventeen. Come back in two years' time, to claim her, if in the meantime you have made a position for yourself. I do not care that you should make money, but I do care for the other."

"I will do it Sir Jasper," he replied, "and you will help me. I shall study under you—help me with your influence. There is a borough vacant now. Help me to place my foot on the first rung of the ladder, and I will never cease until I reach the top."

Long after Lord Wynleigh had left him Sir Jasper sat silent and motionless, listening to the sound of the joy bells—listening to the music and laughter which filled the old Chace. What was he to do? When the sanguine young lover left him, dark and bitter thoughts came to him. He was an Englishman, with a hatred of all fraud and deceit. What could he do? He could never allow Lord Wynleigh to marry Kate under the impression that she was heiress to the grand domain of Queen's Chace and Hurstwood. She was not so in reality. All his broad lands belonged by right to his elder child, the beautiful dark-eyed Veronica. Before Lord Wynleigh married Katherine he must know the truth. Sir Jasper rose from his seat.

"I am a brave man, and a strong man;" he said; "but I would rather face death than tell my story now."

It seemed so far away to the middle-aged statesman, the story of his youth—the mad love that had altered his whole life. It would be profanation to him to hear Giulia's name mentioned now. He could imagine the sneers, the comments that would follow. The Opposition journals would be sure to get hold of it, and hold up, to public ridicule, the one treasured poem of his heart. He could not bear it. Come what might, he would, he must keep his secret yet a little longer; and in the meantime he would have his will prepared—a will in which the truth should be told, and Queen's Chace, with all the broad lands round Hurstwood given to his daughter Veronica. At the same time he would put all the papers that went to prove her identity into one packet, and give them to her. Why, because her mother was dead, should he rob her of her birthright? What could he do to atone to her for her long cheerless youth, her cold, joyless life. He could not defraud Giulia's child. If he could have divided the inheritance, all would have been well, but that was impossible. In the Brandon family, where there was no male heir, the eldest daughter succeeded to the barony, to the title and estates; and there had been several baronesses. Therefore the inheritance must go to his eldest daughter. That was Veronica.

What would those proud Valdoraines—the proudest people in England—say to him when they heard that Katherine was not his heiress after all? Katherine Brandon's name was known all over England. Sir Jasper was at a loss. His sense of justice and his love of right, his love and his pride, his honesty and his sensitive reserve were all at war. There was but one gleam of comfort. The marriage between Lord Wynleigh and Katherine would not take place yet. Some unforeseen combination of circumstances might take place before then,

"It is not quite the kind of marriage that I expected for Katherine," said Lady Brandon, when her husband sent for her to tell her. "Still I shall make no opposition—there is a chance, as you know."

"What chance?" asked Sir Jasper.

"They tell me that the young marquis is not only very unsteady, but that he is certainly in declining health," said Lady Brandon. "If it should be so, then Alton will be Earl of Woodwyn. That would be a high position—I should be quite satisfied."

"My dear wife," remarked Sir Jasper, "no good comes of hoping for dead men's shoes."

"I am not hoping for them," said Lady Brandon; "I am merely saying that it would be an excellent thing for Katherine."

* * *

"Veronica," said Katherine, "come to my room when you go to dress for dinner. I want to tell you something."

And when Veronica went in she started at the beautiful vision. Katherine stood before her in a low dinner-dress of white silk, trimmed with glowing crimson holly-berries, her white shoulders and arms gleaming like pearl, a diamond cross on her white breast and diamond stars in her golden hair. She looked like a dream of beauty. Veronica kissed the pretty shoulders and the white arms.

"How beautiful you are, my darling!" she said. "You look like the spirit of Christmas. Now I See how beautiful English women can be."

"I am always beautiful in your eyes, Veronica," she replied.

They were standing side by side, Katherine all bright and radiant, Veronica, in her pale, passionate beauty, in a long trailing black dress. The contrast between them was startling.

"I have something to tell you, Veronica," she said. "Never mind admiring my dress, never mind my diamonds—look at my face."

"I am looking at it, my darling," returned Veronica.

"Does it tell you anything?" asked Katherine, with the low sweet laughter of perfect content.

"Only that it is the dearest face in the world," replied Veronica, kissing the laughing lips.

"Veronica," said Katherine, "whom, at this moment, should you consider the very happiest girl in all the world?"

"The very happiest of all? Oh, how could I tell?"

"I will tell you. It is myself, Katherine Brandon. And can you guess why I am so happy? It is because—oh, Veronica, how shall I tell you?—it is because someone whom I love very much loves me—me, you understand Veronica—not my fortune, not Queen's Chace, but me—loves me—and has asked me to be his wife."

"His wife," repeated Veronica, softly. Katherine, the laughter-loving beauty, was suddenly invested with an importance in her eyes which was marvellous. "How wonderful—how strange!"

"Nay, it is not strange, Veronica. I love him—he loves me. Can you gues, who it is?"

Slowly the dark eyes wandered over the bright face, and then sad Veronica answered:

"It must be Lord Wynleigh."

"Yes," said Katherine, simply, "it is Lord Wynleigh; and I am not one of the happiest, but the happiest girl in all the world. Nevertheless I tell myself that such great joy as mine cannot last—that a time will come when I must suffer and weep and grieve as other people do. What will it be for?' She looked wistfully at Veronica as she spoke. "I have read," she said, "of ships safe enough to sail in when the sea is calm, but sure to sink when the storm comes on. I think I should be like one of those ships—I should go down in the first storm."

"We will hope then that a storm will never come," put in Veronica. "If it depended on me there never should," she added. "Still there is one thing I can safely promise you—one thing that I will do. If ever it lies in my power to give you happiness, I will give it to you."

And the time came when the memory of those words weighed down the balance in which she held both lives.

CHAPTER V.

As Veronica descended the broad staircase she looked in astonishment at the brilliant scene that met her gaze on every side. The shining lights, the wealth of evergreens, holly with lovely laughing crimson berries, the graceful laurel with its shining leaves, the dark stately fir and the sweet mystical mistletoe—it was all like a dream to her. Her heart warmed as she gazed. If this was an English Christmas, then might Heaven bless Christmas for evermore! Everyone had something kind to say; there was a smile on every face, light in kindly eyes, music in the sound of kindly voices. She thought that while she lived she would never forget the words, "I wish you a happy Christmas;" and the speakers, the kindly people so tender and true of heart, were the cold reserved English who her aunt had told her were accursed! She looked at the noble faces of the men, faces that told of power and skill, of courage and self-command; she looked at the fair blonde faces of the laughing girls and the graceful women; and she thought that the English were a great people, greater than the old stately Venetians. There was not even a tinge of envy in her heart as she noted the lovely younger girls. She was quite unconscious of her own picturesque beauty, of the poetical loveliness of her face, the grace of her figure clad in its trailing black robes. Among those fair English girls she looked like a gorgeous passion-flower in the midst of white lilies.

She never forgot the Christmas dinner, her first in England—the grand table with its costly silver and delicate glass, the profusion of flowers and fruits, the sparkling wines, the laughter, the general air of happiness, while outside the wind wailed among the leafless trees and the stars shone in the Christmas sky. She saw Katherine with her bright laughing face and her handsome young lover following her like a shadow. Presently Sir Jasper came up to her.

"Do you like our English way of keeping Christmas, Veronica?" he asked.

She looked at him.

"It is more beautiful than anything I I have ever seen," she replied; and then he turned abruptly away, for she had looked at him with dead Giulia's eyes.

"Veronica!" said a low deep voice. She turned quickly and saw Lord Wynleigh standing by her side. "I have come to ask you if you are pleased. Walk with me through the rooms. You have not wished me a happy Christmas yet."

"Then I will do it now," she said; and Lord Wynleigh raised her hand to his lips.

"Katherine has been telling me how dearly she loves you, and how good you are to her."

"I love her better than anything or anyone in the world," she replied.

He looked half sadly at her.

"I have to come," he said, "to ask you for a little share of that great affection which you give to my peerless Kate. I will deserve it. I will give you the true, honest, frank, kindly affection of a brother to sister. Will you accept it?"

She looked up at him.

"I am bewildered," she said. "What have I done that Heaven should give me so much—what have I done? Only a few months since no one loved me, now——"

"You accept it then?" interrupted Lord Wynleigh. "If you want a friend, you will come to me; if ever you want help of any kind you will remember that on Christmas Day you promised a stalwart brother to let him stand between you and the world."

"I shall never forget," she said.

And Lord Wynleigh left her standing by the door of the conservatory while he went in search of Katherine.

Veronica was unutterably happy; into her gray dull life such threads of gold were woven that she was dazzled by them. She had hungered and thirsted for love; now it was lavished upon her. She stood on the same spot still, unconscious of her picturesque loveliness, watching Katherine and her lover, and as she watched them strange sweet possibilities of life came floating to her. She had thought of herself so long and so often as one apart from others, as one for whom life held no pleasures, no hopes; now was the dawn of a golden morning, now the sweet vague delicious fancies that thrill the heart of a young girl thrilled her. It might be that in the golden far-off future such love as Alton's for Katherine would fall to her lot. Perhaps her life too would be crowned by that most pure and perfect gift—a noble lover. If heaven had such happiness in store for her——

"I am afraid," said a deep musical voice near her, "that you will take cold—there is quite a rush of cold air here."

Veronica looked up suddenly. A tall stately figure stood between her and the light; dark gray eyes were looking into her own. She saw a handsome, noble face, a proud, princely head covered with clusters of fair hair. It was a face that from that moment stood out clear and distinct from all other faces. The gentleman smiled at the half-bewildered expression of the dark eyes.

"I must introduce myself again," he said. "Sir Jasper introduced me to you just before dinner, but I was one of so many, I cannot hope to have been noticed. Do you not remember me?"

"No," she replied. "Sir Jasper introduced so many people to me at once, and English names are hard to remember. I should be glad if you would tell me yours," she added, with some hesitation.

"You will say that it is a strange one perhaps," he said. "I am Sir Marc Caryll."

"Sir Marc Caryll," she repeated. "I shall remember that in connection with the patron saint of Venice—St. Mark."

She could not tell why, but the name seemed to sink into the depths of her heart like the echo of a song. Then she looked at him, and decided that, although she had seen some noble men, he was by far the handsomest and noblest. There was an air of command, of power, of authority about him which pleased her. He looked like a man whose will was strong and relentless, whose purpose was fixed, whose judgment was clear and decided. Self-reliance, courage, bravery—all those qualities were written on the fair handsome face, that had in it at times a woman's sweetness and the simplicity of a child. A swift sudden thought came to her that a life would be safe in those strong hands of his—honor, fair fame, everything might be intrusted to him, and the trust would be kept.

Sir Marc smiled at her.

"I can read your thoughts," he said; "you have been estimating my character. I will not ask you what you think of it; I will only say I hope your conclusions are favorable. Miss di Cyntha, try one dance with me. Christmas Day is past; and an example has been set us."

Veronica remembered that Christmas night—it was the beginning of a new life to her. The vague sweet possibilities that had thrilled her as she watched Katherine took shape now—vague, beautiful shape; something awoke in her heart which had never been there before—sometimes so tender, so sweet, that the girl's whole soul was moved by it. Life was never to be the same again for her; she had inherited something of the quick love and the quick hatred that characterized the Brandons. She had in her more of her father's nature than her mother's.

"Your face is a poem," said Sir Marc later on that same Christmas night—"a poem that I should never tire of reading."

She danced with him, she talked to him; more than one amused glance followed them—she with her dark Venetian beauty, he with his Saxon comeliness; they seemed to have forgotten the world. Once Sir Marc took her to the great western window in the broad corridor, and drawing aside the hangings, he said to her:

"Look, Miss di Cyntha—I want you to see the poetry of an English Christmas."

Veronica cried out in wonder and awe. The sky was of deep, dark, fathomless blue; the moon was full, and shone with a clear silvery light; the earth lay white, still, and beautiful under the pale clear beams; the hard frost made the tall leafless trees look darker, and the hoar-frost shone in the light of the moon. The wind wailed among the trees, bending their tall heads and swaying the huge branches.

"How beautiful!" she cried. "There is nothing in all Venice so fair as this. I thought there was no poetry in England; but it is full of it. This looks like fairyland."

"You will try to love England?" he said.

"I do love it without trying," she replied. "I could almost fancy there was some mysterious reason why my heart should have warmed so greatly for it; it seems more my home than Venice ever did."

He was looking intently at her with his dark gray eyes.

"You will not wish to return to Venice then?" You would be content to remain in England all your life?"

She raised her beautiful face; the dark eyes looked at the blue wintry night-sky, at the fair white earth, at the quaint shadows the moon made through the trees; and then she turned to Sir Marc.

"Venice would seem a prison to me after this," she said; and as she said it she wondered why he looked so bright and pleased.

"I should like you to see my home," he remarked. "It is, I think, even more beautiful than Queen's Chace. It is called Wervelhurst Manor, and it stands in the loveliest part of Sussex. We have music there—nature's grandest. The sea lies at no great distance; and far away to the right stretches a chain of hills, purple hills, on which the light of the sun lies low. I have a passionate love for my home."

She was silent. He went on.

"And I live there, Miss di Cyntha, all alone. Can you imagine that? I have no mother, no sister. There is a large household of servants, but I am quite solitary. I want what the poets call an angel in the house."

"What is that?" asked Veronica.

"That is English for a wife," he replied; and the beautiful face drooped before his.

Her heart beat; a strange pain, that was yet half pleasure, seemed to thrill her innocent soul.

"I must leave you," she said, hurriedly. "I am quite sure that Katherine wants me."

"Where you go I follow," declared Sir Marc; and for that evening at least he kept his word.

CHAPTER VI.

A new life—a glorious new life, bright, hopeful, pleasant, full of poetry, full of wonder and romance! The time came when Veronica began to wonder what it was that had fallen over her life. What was the dazzling light that had fallen at her feet? Why was it that from morning to night and from night to morning she had but one thought—and that was about Marc Caryll?

Christmas had passed now, and the beautiful springtide had set in. The air was balmy with the sweet breath of flowers, yet Sir Jasper had not recovered much of his strength. The doctors would not allow him to return to his duties; he must rest if he would live In vain the active energetic statesman rebelled. He refused for a time to submit, until he saw the absolute necessity for it. Then he found Lord Wynleigh of great use to him. He had been returned as member for Hurstwood, and had made his maiden speech—to everybody's great surprise it was simply a masterpiece of eloquence. Sir Jasper gave up some of his duties to the young politician, about whom people prophesied great things.

The baronet was well pleased. It had always been a source of sorrow to him that he had no son to succeed to his honors; but he loved the brave young nobleman in whom all Katherine's happiness seemed to be centred. When despondent thoughts came to him, he said to himself that he should have a successor. He insisted upon Lady Brandon's taking Veronica and Katherine to London for part of the season at least, and nothing pleased him better than to read her ladyship's letters in which she told of Veronica's successes and triumphs.

"The girl can marry whom she will," wrote Lady Brandon; "her magnificent beauty has brought all London to her feet. She does not seem to care about anyone in particular."

Veronica had suddenly become famous. Her rare style of face and figure, her wonderful grace and musical voice, had made her the observed of all. She received more invitations than she could possibly accept. Everyone admired and liked her. But, when Lady Brandon had been in town a few weeks she decided upon returning. Sir Jasper was no better, and the doctor attending him did not think it advisable that he should delay consulting some eminent physician. So they went home again, and, as he looked at his two daughters, the master of Queen's Chace was struck afresh. Katherine's animated loveliness and Veronica's pale beauty seemed to have acquired fresh lustre. Those few weeks in town had wonderfully improved Veronica—they had given a finish and elegance to her such as can be acquired only by mixing with the most refined. She had enjoyed her visit, but not much because Sir Marc was away. The season had but little attractions for him. He was not a man of fashion. A cruise to Norway had more charms for him than a season in London. He had written to say that he hoped to pass through Hurstwood in July or August, and would very much like to spend a few days there, to which Sir Jasper had replied by sending him a most cordial invitation, guessing shrewdly what was the attraction; so that Veronica had that to look forward to, and the knowledge of it made her profoundly indifferent to all the homage offered her.

The old bitter struggle was still going on in Sir Jasper's mind. What should he do? His heart was torn with a thousand doubts, a thousand fears. There was hardly an hour of the twenty four during which he did not again and again review all his reasons and doubts. Do as he would, one or the other must suffer. Should it be Katherine, the bright fair child, the descendant of the proud Valdoraines; or Veronica, who looked up at him with dead Giulia's eyes? Which of the two should it be? He would have given his life to save either. One thing he had done. He had sent for a strange lawyer, and had made another will, in which he told the secret of Veronica's birth, and left to her the grand inheritance of Queen's Chace and Hurstwood. That will he kept by him. Remembering it, he was more at ease whenever he thought of her.

He grew worse. The doctors did not apprehend any immediate danger; he was only suffering from overtaxed strength, from ills that might be remedied. He did not even keep his room. Sir Jasper himself was more alarmed than the people about him. Strange sensations came to him. There were times when he fancied, as he walked through the shady garden paths, that strange voices called him; he saw strange figures in his troubled sleep, strange faces smiled at him from the picture frames.

One day—how Veronica remembered it afterward!—he had walked in the grounds, and when the sun grew warm he went into the drawing-room to rest on a couch. Veronica was there. He asked her to read to him, and she did so until he fell asleep; then she sat and watched him, thinking how very ill he looked, how white and sunken his face was. Suddenly she saw his pale lips quiver; he opened his arms as though to clasp them round someone whom he loved, crying in a passionate voice—

"Giulia. Giulia, my heart's love!"

She touched him gently, and his eyes opened and looked wildly at her.

"Giulia," he cried again, "where am I? It is you, and yet another."

"Sir Jasper," said Veronica, "you are dreaming—you are ill."

He looked in bewilderment at her.

"Giulia's eyes" he said, "but another face. What does it mean?"

"You have been dreaming," remarked the girl quietly. "Can I get anything for you? Shall I bring Lady Brandon?"

He gave a smothered moan.

"I—you are right, Veronica—I was dreaming. No, do not call anyone; I want nothing. These June days are so warm."

"It was June then, when the days were at their longest, and the bright sweet hours were all filled with beauty—June, when Queen's Chace was a picture of loveliness, with its lilies and roses, its rich green foliage and wealth of flowers. Veronica was troubled as she looked at Sir Jasper, for she had grown to love him. She remembered afterward how he awoke from a fevered sleep and would have Katherine by Veronica's side. She remembered every detail of that his last day on earth. He would not go into the dining-room, and it was Veronica by her own special request, who took him some little dainties and coaxed him to eat them. She knelt by his side, holding in her fingers a ripe sunny peach.

"This is just like Katherine's cheek," she said, laughingly. And she looked so like her mother at that moment that he could have cried aloud in his longing love and pain.

"You have learned to love Katherine, Veronica?" he said, gently.

"Better than I love my life," she said, blushing to find that she no longer said, "Better than I love anyone else in the world."

He looked up at her suddenly.

"Have you learned to love me, Veronica?" he asked.

"Yes, just as dearly," she replied.

Then they were silent—he mute with emotion, she wondering that he should speak to her in this strain—he who had always been so distant and so reserved. Then he was restless all the day. When evening came, he asked Katherine to sing all her old songs to him—the songs he loved best; and Veronica fancied that his eyes filled with tears. Then, when it was growing later, he called Katherine to him. She knelt down by his side, and he drew her golden head down on to his breast.

"My child, my darling," he said, "have I been kind to you?"

"Always, papa," she replied.

"Have you had a happy life—Katie, tell me—a happy life?"

"Yes," she answered. "Papa, you know that I have never had one moment's care or trouble, one moment's sadness, ever since I was a child."

"Thank Heaven for that!" he said gently. "If I should die, Katie—die and leave you—would anyone ever make you think me unkind—ever make you love me less?"

"No, never, papa," she said, laughing at the notion—"never."

"Kiss me. Tell me you love me," he said. "Will you remember in the after years that I would have given my life at any time to save you from pain?"

"Yes," replied Katherine, and, obeying his wish, she clasped her tender arms round his neck. "I love you very dearly, papa," she said, "more than I can tell you, and I am longing for the day to come when you will be strong and well again."

To be Continued.

Tea in Japan.

Although tea has now become a general beverage throughout the world, it has been used in Japan for more than a thousand years, and its preparation there has almost reached the dignity of an art. Green tea in leaf is there almost universally used, and the decoction is made by pouring upon it water heated to 176 deg. F. The Japanese drink tea without milk or sugar, which they think deprive it of its delicate aroma. They are also very particular to use tea-pots made of a peculiar kind of pottery, known by the name of "Raku-yaki," which are not only very elegant, but also have the property of preserving the heat for a long time. It is an example of very bad manners not to offer tea to every visitor, and, even in shopping, the customer is served with tea before the goods are shown to him. The workingman carries with him a complete apparatus for making tea, which is drunk with every new meal, however simple in other respects. The drinking of tea is also made prominent in the social customs of Japan, and has given rise to two kinds of tea-parties which for many years have been an essential part of society. At these gatherings no expense is spared to make æsthetical and literary features prominent, and, although attended exclusively by gentlemen, appear to be carried on with more propriety and profit than can be said of many convivial feasts in the United States.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,

FRIDAY, - - - MAY 11, 1888.

Democratic Primary Elections.

In pursuance of a resolution adopted by the Democratic County Committee at its meeting on June 6, 1887, the Democratic voters of Cambria county will meet at their respective places of holding the election, on *Saturday*, June 2, 1888, and vote by ballot for the nomination of candidates for county officers, as follows:

One person for Congress.
One person for State Senator.
Two persons for Assembly.
One person for Sheriff.
One person for Poor-house Director.
One person for Jury Commissioner.
County Committeeman will also be elected in each district.

The polls will be open from 1 to 7 o'clock P. M.

The two following propositions relative to the manner of making nominations hereafter will also be voted on as directed by the County Committee June 6 1887:

First—For the present system.

Second—For the increased delegate system, upon the following basis: One delegate from each district, and for each district polling one hundred votes two delegates, and for each additional one hundred votes one additional delegate, the representation to be based each year on the Democratic vote polled for the leading man on the State ticket at the preceding State election.

Tickets and the necessary papers for conducting the elections will be furnished to each Committeeman. The Committeemen will take the returns of the election to Ebensburg, on Monday, June 4, where a meeting of the Committee will be held at 1 o'clock P. M. of that day, when the votes will be counted and the names of the successful candidates will be announced.

The Committeeman and members of the board in each district should be particular in being sworn and in signing their respective oaths and returns.

Also the Committeemen elected at the primaries for the ensuing year, are requested to meet in Ebensburg on Monday, June 4, 1888, at 4 o'clock, P. M, for the purpose of electing a chairman and transacting such other business as may be necessary.

Johnstown, April 17, '88. JAMES M. WALTERS, Chairman.

The following are the rules for the government of the Democratic primary elections in this county:

SECTION 1. The time of opening and closing the polls in townships and boroughs shall be as follows: The polls shall be opened at 1 o'clock P. M., and closed at 7 o'clock P. M.

SEC. 2. The Committeemen of the respective townships and boroughs shall be the Judges of the Primary Elections, and shall appoint two Inspectors who shall serve as Clerks and who shall be members of the Democratic party.

SEC. 3. Formal papers shall be sent to the Committeemen by the Chairman, and each Committeeman shall make triplicate returns, signed by the Judge and attested by the Inspectors or Clerks. One of said returns shall be posted up in a conspicuous place at the place of holding the election immediately after the returns are made out, with a list of names of parties voting at said Primary Elections; also, one of said returns to remain in the hands of the County Committeeman of each district, and one copy of said returns, with a list of voters, to be sealed up and returned by the Return Judge to the Chairman of the County Committee. The tickets to be sealed up and kept by the Committeemen for thirty days.

SEC. 4. Parties shall only be allowed to vote at the place of holding the General Election in the district where they actually reside, and none shall vote except those that voted the Democratic ticket at the preceding General Election, except those who have arrived at the age of twenty-one years since the last General Election and declare themselves Democrats.

SEC. 5. The Committeemen shall be elected by ballot on the day of the Primary Election.

SEC. 6. The newly elected Committee shall elect their Chairman by ballot at their first regular meeting.

SEC. 7. The Chairman shall remain in office until his successor is elected.

SEC. 8. The Chairman shall call a meeting of the newly elected Committee within thirty-five days from the date of Primary Election.

SEC. 9. The newly elected Chairman shall nominate his Secretary.

SEC. 10. Any contested nomination shall be tried before the County Committee after formal, specific charges, as in contested cases at law. No case of contest shall be entertained unless specific charges are preferred and placed in the hands of the Chairman of the County Committee within thirty days after the election, and notice thereof shall be given to the candidate contested within five days.

THE New York *Times* commenting on the fact that all the Democratic State Conventions have declared with great unanimity for the re-nomination of President Cleveland and that at the St. Louis Convention it is reasonably certain that his will be the only name presented says:

As a candidate the President will have some obvious advantages. In the first place, it will be no small advantage for a party to go into a contest with a candidate who was from the start its unanimous choice. There will be no division or ill feeling arising from the defeat of preferences. There will be no rivalries to overcome, no disappointmenst to be soothed. A President re-nominated always has an advantage over other candidates. If his record has been so good and he has grown so strong in public confidence as to make his re-nomination clearly advisable his election is almost certain. Martin Van Buren is the only exception in the history of the country to the rule, that when a President has been re-nominated he has also been re-elected. But if a President is so strong in the confidence which he excites that no portion of his party in any section of the country thinks of favoring any other candidate the chances in his favor are greatly increased. Aside from the personal aspects of the case, there is always a strong sentiment against a change when no tangible ground is presented for making one and no precedent stands in the way of continuing a satisfactory administration. Moreover, however little a President may make use of his office to promote his own re-election, the mere fact that he holds the executive power will influence many to his support. Even not to have that power against him is an advantage of no small account. The probability of the President's re-election is, therefore, little less than that of his re-nomination, which already amounts to a certainty.

IT has lately been discovered that a job was snaked through the last legislature which increases the emoluments of the Register of Wills at Philadelphia, from $5000 to about $30,000 per anum and there promises to be a lively fight in that city for the lucrative office. While Pennsylvania had a Democratic governor who used the veto power freely, bills of that kind did not become laws but since Governor Beaver has got into the executive chair they may be expected to bob up serenely at most any time. The law makes the Register of Wills the agent of the State for the collection of collateral inheritance tax and allows him such percentage, not exceeding 5 per centum, on all such tax collected, as shall be allowed by the Auditor General.

THE Cincinnati *Enquirer* in speaking of the chances of Ohio's Pinkstonian statesman for the Republican Presidential nomination says:

The Presidential "bar" of Senator John Sherman is no longer on tap. Even the smallest crevice has closed. Two months ago in homœpeathic doses it was accessible. To-day it is newly coopered, bung-tight and bomb-proof. To not a few this augurs that he has given up his Presidential chase. Not openly, of course, but publicly lowering his flag and retreating to the solitude of his tent. There is still the chance of accident open to him. But to the seductions of such as seek to beguile him out of wealth with honeyed promises of votes he is as marble—cold, stoical, not responsive.

It would seem to be the spectre of Blaine on the horizon which drives Sherman to retreat. So long as the Ohio man can win the plaudits of his countrymen solely through the grandeur of his sublime personal graces, Mr. Sherman will pay with the redundancy of smiles. This much—no more. Like the well-ordered hotel, this legend he now openly displays: "No money loaned—No checks cashed."

THE purchases of bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury the last two weeks; exercising the authority conferred by recent resolutions of the Senate and House, have amounted to $10,500,000, of these $4,200,000 were of the 4½'s and $6,300,000 of the 4's. There remain of these issues $952,491,300, mainly of the longer series; the 4½ per cents, maturing in 1891, amounting only to $226,354,650. The extent to which holders of goverment securities have availed themselves of the offer of the department does not indicate any general scarcity of money. The price paid for the 4½ per cents. averaged a little more than 107, and for the 4 per cents. a little more than 126. The saving to the government by these purchases, as compared with the continuous payment of interest to maturity and the redemption of the bonds in due course, is $3,506,041; this, also, although the actual premium paid by the treasury on its purchases is more than $2,000,000.

COMPARITVELY very few of the bills introduced in Congress become laws. In the Forty-seventh Congress, of the 10,704 introduced but 772 were passed; in the Forty-eighth, but 966 out of 11,441 became laws, and in the Forty-ninth only 1,442 of the 15,002 that were introduced were ground out into regular enacted statues. It is fortunate for the country that so much of this mass of incipient legislation fails in getting on the statute books. The reason that Congress effects so little is that its time is largely consumed in considering matters that are brought in merely for buncombe.

THE latest thing to be cornered is corn. It is said that the entire corn crop is now in the hands of a syndicate that propose to regulate its price. A Chicago banker and two wealthy merchants constitute the party, and they are practically in control of all the corn in sight. The line of march as marked out by the syndicate is to keep corn well up to sixty cents for all of the month up to the marketing of the new crop, and incidentally, of course, to make money out of the transaction.

THE most picturesque potentate in Europe is the baby King of Spain, who has just cut his first teeth. He is a very large child for his age and is to be left entirely to the care of women until he is seven years of age, when a tutor and masters will take charge of him until he is sixteen. At that age he will supersede the Queen Regent at the head of the Spanish Government.

WITHIN the past few weeks four men who claimed to be related to Prince Bismarck have been arrested for various misdemeanors at four different places on the Pacific coast. Whatever may be said of Bismarck's relations with that country, it is certain that his relations in the United States are not satisfactory.

As this is a presidential year and the prospects for electing a Republican to office in this county are not very flattering, it might be well enough to advise some of the light weights in the g. o. p. in this county who have been heretofore choked off, that this year they will be allowed to run Baker, Wilhelm and Coulter to the front.

THE United States Government has advertised for 5000 American white marble headstones. Congress, on March 30, made an appropriation of $20,000 to pay for them. The headstones will be used for the unmarked graves of Union soldiers, sailors and marines in various parts of the country.

IT is confidently asserted by Blaine's friends that when the Plumed Knight sent Chairman C. F. Jones his letter declining to be a presidential candidate, he added a postscript reading "Burn this letter" and that Mr. Jones, who in the excitement of the moment could not find his spectacles, failed to see it.

STATE TREASURER WILLIAM B. HART took the oath of office at Harrisburg on Monday last and assumed charge of the treasury department at noon. The old force of clerks are all retained, William Livesey being made cashier.

THE Canadian House of Commons has resolved that American cheese exported through Canada shall be branded. Why? Because inferior American cheese, shipped to England as the Canadian product, is injuring the latter.

EUROPE used $65,000,000 worth of American pork last year in spite of all efforts to exclude it. The American hog may not be absolutely perfect, but the Old World cannot get along without him.

BLAINE is working the Republicans like a three card monte mountebank works the greenhorns. They can't tell which is the picture card. It may be Blaine or it may not.

DURING the month of April the public debt was reduced in the amount of $9 235,300.10.

Blaine will be a Candidate.

The Philadelphia *Times* published on Saturday the following special, from New York which it indorses as coming from the most authentic source:

NEW YORK, May 4.—I have entirely reliable information that the friends of Mr. Blaine, within the last three days, have received direct from him his assent to an aggressive movement for his re-nomination for President, and the assurance that if nominated in the face of his Florence letter of declination he would not feel at liberty to decline.

A general and systematic effort has been made by Blaine's closest friends, such as Chairman Jones, William Walter Phelps, Whitelaw Ried, Charles Emery Smith, and others, for two months, and they have got Blaine into the atttude of a passive candidate. The Washington conference, was only a part of the varied methods by which the influence had been brought to bear upon Blaine, and the publication of his portrait, freshly taken from life in Italy and issued by *Judge* this week, was decided on more than three months ago as the starting point for the avowed effort to make Blaine the candidate.

Every possible pressure has been put upon Blaine to get from him the direct assurance that he will not decline if nominated, and that assurance has been received in this city from Mr. Blaine within the last three days. In a very few days more it will cease to be a secret that Mr. Blaine is in the hands of his friends as the Blaine leaders will at once come to the front and make an agressive campaign for his re-nomination. This movement has been pretty clearly foreshadowed for some weeks in such Blaine organs as the *Tribune*, of this city, and the Philadelphia *Press*, and all affectation about Blaine's candidacy will now soon be thrown off and the battle made an aggressive one.

Part of the originial program was the election of Charles Emery Smith as a delegate-at-large from your State and the failure was a great disappointment to the Blaine junto in this city, but Mr. Smith gives the assurance that Blaine can command a majority of the Pennsylvania delegation under any circumstances, and that if Blaine's nomination shall seem to be assured the delegation will be solid for him. The unexpected expressions in Massachusetts and Vermont for Blaine were not accidental, nor are they unexpected to Blaine's friends. When all of the anti-Blaine men were reposing on their arms because they regarded Blaine out of the fight, the friends of Blaine were most energetic in their work in the two anti-Blaine New England States and they got possession of Vermont and Massachusetts, while the others were sleeping in fancied security. It was the expression of three hitherto anti-Blaine New England States that made Blaine cast aside his doubts and assent to the importunities of his friends for his re-nomination.

It is now a positive fact that Blaine is in the field, that his friends have his friends his assent to a movement in his in his favor, and that he will be nominated at Chicago if hard work and plenty of enthusiasm can accomplish it.

The Political Prospect.

A month hence the Presidential campaign will be formally opened by the unanimous re-nonination of Mr. Cleveland by the Democratic National Convention.

This result, which the *World* declared to be inevitable on the morning after the Democratic victory in this State last November, has now become not only the logic of the situation but desirable as a matter of principle. The issue in the campaign is to be Tariff Reform, and it is natural that the representative of the Democratic policy who boldly forced the issue should be the standard-bearer of his party.

It is well that the issue is thus sharply drawn. Presidential elections should turn upon principles rather than upon persons—a contest of ideas rather than a scramble for spoils. For twelve years the Democaatic party has been promising to revise and reduce the war tariff. It will present to the people as its candidate for President a man who has endeavored to secure a fulfilment of that promise. The question ought to be decided. If high duties are to be perpetuated regardless of the resultant surplus, let us know that. If the duties are to be cut down to a peace basis and the free list extended, as ought to be done, let that be known. Anything is better than uncertainty. Principles are primary, candidates are secondary. The Democratic party has the pluck of its principles, and the Republicans the courage of their obstinacy. Let the people choose between them.

The result of the election will depend upon the four States of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Indiana. Four years ago all these States were carried by the Democrats. Last fall all of them, except New York, were carried by the Republicans. The contest in a nutshell, therefore is to recover these doubtful States that are essential to Democratic success, and to hold New York. In 1884 all these doubtful States were carried by the Democrats in face of the lingering doubt of timid business men as to the trustworthiness of that party. That three of these States were lost after three years' demonstration of the groundlessness of these fears shows that the task before the Democratic leaders is not without difficulty and danger.

With the issue thus presented some Republicans will be tempted to vote for the Democratic idea, and no doubt an appeal will be made to Protectionist Democrats to support the Republican candidate. It will thus be an important, instructive and exciting campaign, with the issue by no means certain.—*N. Y. World.*

The Danger Signal.

Upon the business horizon still flits the danger signal.

Despite bond purchases during April to the amount of a little over $6,500,000 and interest payments of $7,300,000, the amount of currency in the Treasury increased nearly $1,000,000 during the month.

During May and June no interest falls due, and if the Government revenues and disbursements continue in the same proportion and volume as during April the Secretary would need to more than double his bond purchases to prevent the surplus from increasing. There is little prospect—surely no certainty—that the bonds can be had.

The conservative *Financial Chronicle* warns Congress that "there is nothing which will save us from serious trouble after the first of July except tax reduction."

When the time agreed upon for talking shall expire, will Congress heed the danger signal and act? Or is there to be another failure?—*N. Y. World.*

Brace Up.

You are feeling depressed, your appetite is poor, you are bothered with Headache, you are fidgetty, nervous, and generally out of sorts, and want to brace up. Brace up, but not with stimulants, spring medicines, or bitters, which have for their basis very cheap, bad whiskey, and which stimulate you for an hour, and then leave you in worse condition than before. What you want is an alterative that will purify your blood, start healthy action of Liver and Kidneys, restore your vitality, and give renewed health and strength. Such a medicine you will find in Electric Bitters, and only 50 cents a bottle at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

Quite a Difference.

There is a volume of instruction in the remarkable difference between the bearing of the Standard Oil men before the Congressional investigation and their bearing not much over a month ago before the investigating committee of the New York Senate. Then they were bland and effusively innocent. Being sure, either by accident or arrangement, that they would be confronted with no uncomfortable details, they were quite willing to tell all they knew; but there was nothing to tell. Nothing ever had been done; the Standard Oil Company was a much misunderstood, charitable institution, and if the committee happened to hit on specific cases of a contradictory character Mr. Rockafellar "presumed that the Standard got the best freight rates it could," and the disagreeable incident was quickly passed over.

There was entirely another state of affairs before the Congressional committee. Here a sharp man, fully posted in the details or the great iniquity, stood ready to cross-examine witnesses who swore that the Standard never tried to crowd other people out, nor secured vital advantages in freight rates, as well as to stick ugly facts at them. Witnesses for the other side had a chance to make themselves heard. Consequently the Standard and railway men have replaced the innocent communicativeness shown in New York by shutting up like clams and refusing to say anything; while the Standard organs throughout the country are raising the howl that the poor monopoly is being persecuted.

This shows the great difference between an investigation where inconvenient facts are excluded and an innocent octopus can have everything its own way, and one where the investigators ruthlessly probe for the truth. As a result of the latter course, when the testimony just taken before the House committee is published, there will be some very interesting reading there, for the public as well as the Standard apologists.—*Pittsburg Post.*

True Republicanism.

The Republican party ever since its overthrow has excercised every means in its power to embarass the Democratic administration. Every attempt of the Democrats to correct existing evils in the national government has been obstructed. Even in the President's appointments frivolous opposition has been raised. But the most impudent piece of political jobbery attempted by the Republicans is the contemplated "hangidg up" of the President's appointment to the chief justiceship.

It is the intention of the Republican members of the judiciary committee of the Senate to let the chief justiceship remain unfilled until after the election. They are laboring under the delusion that a Republican will be the next President and consequently the power of appointment would be vested in him. This nefarious plan is an insult to the President and an offense to the country inasmuch as it involves the vacation of an important position for a length of time to suit the purposes of a knot of unscrupulous politicians.

It is to be hoped that a sense of self respect will influence the better thinking members of the judiciary committee to vote down this attempt to clog the wheels of our government. Even in the event of a favorable report on Mr. Fuller's appointment at the next meeting of the judiciary committee he will in all probability, on account of its dilatory action, be unable to take the oath of office before the Supreme court shall have adjourned its spring session. This state of affairs is to be lamented, but it is the outcome of Republican jobbery and its characteristic of that party in all its dealings with the people.

Modest Beginning of Tariff Monopoly.

Under the first protective tariff ever enacted in the United States the average rate of duty on imports was about 8 per cent. In the second Tariff act the rate did not exceed 13½ per cent. These slight duties were imposed with the plea that they were necessary to foster the "infant industries" of the country. It was argued that the wages of labor were so high in other occupations in the United States that manufacturers could not afford to embark their capital in infant industries without a bounty sufficient to enable them to pay these high rates of wages. No pretense was then made that a tariff would or could increase the wages of Workingmen. This was an afterthought of the protectionists. Finding that the wages of labor were high in this country (as they are in every other country in which lands are fertile and cheap and opportunities for employment abundant), they began to give the credit of the high wages to the tariff divinity; and the false doctrine has at last become a genuine article of protectionist faith.

Beginning with an 8 per cent. tariff, levied with much misgiving and under many protests, the protectionists have by successive encroachments screwed up the duties on imports to more than 45 per cent. The tender "infants" have grown into monster monopolies and trusts, preying upon the vitals of the people. While some of these tariff combinations are crying for more, all of them are violently and viciously resisting the moderate reductions of tariff taxes embodied in the Mills bill.—*Phila Record.*

WHILE the existence of an Empire on the American Continent may be considered as out of keeping with its Democratic surroundings, yet it must be admitted that Brazil approaches to the character of a representative government. Emperor Dom Pedro has shown himself to be a ruler of intelligence and liberal ideas, being rightly credited with many administrative reforms. Since 1871 the gradual emancipation of the slave population has been going on; and in 1883 the final abolition of slavery was announced in two of the provinces of the Empire. In 1884 an emancipation bill passed its first reading in a joint session of the Senate and Chamber of Deputies, and was submitted to committees for report. The opposition, however, secured its defeat upon a minor point. In 1885 a bill was passed providing for the gradual extinction of slavery, the character of the measure being such that, because of the reduction in the value of slaves, slavery could not possibly last longer than seventeen years, and, with the aid of the Emancipation Fund, probably would be extinguished in seven years. The Brazilian Government now proposes to introduce into the Legislature a bill to put an absolute end to slavery throughout the Empire. The purchases of slaves by provinces under the laws, coupled with the aid that the abolitionists are giving to slaves who wish to escape to emancipated districts, augurs well for the passage of the measure.

Their Business Booming.

Probably no one thing has caused such a general revival of trade at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg and W. W. McAteer, Loretto, as their giving away to their customers of so many free trial bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Their trade is simply enormous in this very valuable article from the fact that it always cures and never disappoints. Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup, and all other throat and lung diseases quickly cured. You can test it before buying by getting a trial bottle free, large size $1. Every bottle warranted.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Los Angeles, Cal., sold about $90,000,000 worth of real estate last year.

—Joseph Krieg, an inmate of the Lackawanna county jail charged with wife-beating, committed suicide on Friday last by hanging himself to the bars of his cell door with his suspenders.

—Ben Robbins, of Kentucky, who was recently appointed Assistant United States District Atorney for Colorado and who attempted suicide a few days ago at Denver by cutting his throat, is thought to be hopelessly insane.

—A small cyclone passed over the northern portion of Ayr township, Fulton county, on Saturday last, wrecking the barn of Rev. W. F. McNaughton, uprooting trees, sweeping away fences and causing damage to buildings and other property.

—In the post office at Concord, New Hampshire, the postmaster found a pouch the other day which had been lost nineteen years, and which contained 118 letters for that city. There were three registered letters with money in them, and their non-receipt had upset half a dozen offices.

—While defending the honor of her thirteen-years old stepdaughter against the fiendishness of an unnatural father, Mrs. Netta Muechlberg of Chicago, was, late last night, beaten with a heavy crowbar by her husband Matthew, and is dying. Muehlberg escaped from the house and has not been arrested.

—Mrs. Pearce and her granddaughter were seated on a load of ties going to Brookville one day last week. Suddenly the wagon dropped into a rut in the road, throwing Mrs. Pearce under the wheels, breaking her back, and causing death almost instantly. The girl, in trying to save her grandmother, had a leg broken.

—A horrible crime came to light Saturday at Keelersville, Wyoming county. Mrs. George Keeler's body was found in an unused house, in a bad state of decomposition. It was supposed that she had gone West, having been absent eight months. Her husband is accused of killing her, as they never got along together harmoniously.

—Mrs. Frank Runyan, of Nebraska City, Neb., has been arrested, charged with conspiring to murder her husband. She engaged two men to kill him, and one of them drew a revolver on him last Saturday night, but was prevented from using it by the arrival of citizens. The only reason assigned is that the woman had become tired of her husband.

—At Hamton, Va., as the Lura, of the Old Dominion Line, was on her return trip to Norfolk on Monday, off Hambert Point pier a woman was seen to walk to the bow of the steamer, take off her hat, place her purse in it and then plunge overboard. She was struck by the paddle-wheel and sank immediately. A boat was lowered but she had disappeared.

—A freight train on the Philadelphia and Reading railroad was passing through Locust gap, six miles from Shamokin, Pa., at 11 o'clock on last Sunday night, when a car loaded with dynamite exploded, killing seven people, wounding twenty, some seriously, burning eight houses, leveling four blocks to the ground and wrecking hundreds of others.

—As James McGowan, a laborer, was walking up Mulberry street, Kansas City, last evening, he was approached by a burly mulatto woman who forcibly took his pocketbook away from him. He attempted to regain it, and she drew a razer and cut his throat from back of the ear to the chin. McGowan is in a critical condition and the woman is under arrest.

—The Russian military chiefs, who recently assembled in St. Petersburg, declared that Russia would not be in a position for a long time to attack a European Power. Even her defensive forces, they said, were too weak, owing to lack of railways. It was decided to construct three lines toward the Austrian frontier, at the cost of 13,000,000 roubles.

—Billy Carson, a son of Kit Carson, the famous scout, shot and killed Thomas J. Tobins in a fight at Garland, Col., on Friday. Tobins was a companion of Kit Carson, and almost equally famous. His most noted exploit was the capture of the Mexican bandits, the Espousas brothers, single-handed, for whose capture, either dead or alive, the Territorial and United States Governments had offered large rewards.

—Thursday afternoon two farmers named Brimley of Seneca, Kan., quarled with a farm hand named Althaus regarding the taking of the sacrament. Althaus, they claim, made a blasphemous remark, and almost before the words had left his lips went suddenly insane, rushing about the farm with fearful groans. The two farmers endeavored to hold him, but he escaped and ran toward the woods along the banks of the Seneca river, where he was lost.

—George Hummel, a baker living at No. 184 Mound street, Cincinnati, made desperate by financial difficulties, shot himself through the body last week. After a surgeon had dressed his wounds a Newfoundland dog pushed his way in the bed room and mounted guard over his master. No one dared enter until Sunday morning when Mrs. Hummel made the venture. The dog sprang upon her and lancerated her arm. A police officer was called in and he shot the dog.

—At North Bend, 15 miles below Cincinnati at 1 o'clock on Sunday morning, at a ball in the house of John Hall, Harrison Staples stabbed Louis Brown five times in the back with a dirk, dragged him out of the house and threw him in a gutter, where he was found dead. Staples first got into a fight with John Hall, whereupon Louis Brown and John Scroggs interfered as peacemakers. Hall escaped with slight injuries and Scroggs was stabbed, but not fatally. Staples escaped.

—A Sunday boating party left Westfield on last Sunday morning in a sail boat. It consisted of four Germans, employed in a vineyard. The ignorance of the sailors got them into trouble, capsized their boat and cost the lives of A. Reacher and William Brown. These two went down when the boat capsized, but G. Smith and Gus Bader held on to the boat and were more dead than alive when rescued. The drowned men were single. The bodies have not been recovered.

—At Indian Creek, near Martin's Mills Nashville, Tenn., a boy about ten years old has acquired a mania for eating flies, and will turn away from the daintiest dishes for this, his favorite diet. All efforts to break him of the disgusting habit have proved useless. He eats them, he says, because he loves them, and resorts to all kinds of schemes to catch them. He says his little brother likes them as well as he does, but is to lazy to catch them. The boy is a bright little fellow and keeps well and hearty.

—News was telegraphed to New York from Washington on Saturday night that a package of $41,000 in national bank notes, put up by the American Exchange National Bank, of that city, to be forwarded to the Treasury for redemption, had been stolen, and that a package of brown paper had arrived at the Treasury in its stead. The package was sent by the Adams Express, and left New York on Friday night. It was in a safe which makes daily trips, between the main office of the Adams Express and the office of the Redemption Agency in the Treasury Department.

GO TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN'S,

No. 113 Clinton St., Johnstown, Pa.,

FOR BRUSSELS, VELVET, WOOL AND RAG CARPET, LINOLEUM, LACE CURTAINS, RUGS AND STAIR PADS. HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS AND MILLINERY.

—A whirlwind about twenty feet in diameter struck the bleaching-yard of the Excelsior Straw works Medfield, Mass., on Friday last and carried up about 700 or 800 Leghorn hats, valued at $2 apiece. The cyclone went off in a south-easterly direction, growing larger and larger until it was probably a quarter of a mile across. As it revolved it shot the hats out in every direction, scattering them over the fields and in the woods away off to the Norfolk and Walpole line. The company sent a party out to gather them in.

—A cloud burst near Maize, Kansas, early on Sunday morning. Rain had been falling all night, and when the cloud fell there was a frightful roar, which frightened the people out of their houses. The streets of Maize were turned into rushing torrents, the water finding outlets into the Arkansas river. Many buildings were demolished by the flood. A house in which the Rockby family lived was swept off its foundations and borne into the Arkansas, where it sank, drowning Rockby, his wife and their two children. Many horses and cows were also drowned in the flood.

—After a one-hundred-and-ninety days voyage, the schooner Edward E. Webster arrived at San Francisco, Cal., on Monday from Gloucester, Mass., with her crew disabled from a strange disease and with no provisions on board but musty flour. The vessel was fitted out for seal-fishing at Cape Flattery, but she had rough weather from the start, and while beating about Cape Horn all her meat spoiled and soon after the flour become musty. The crew were brought down by a disease which swelled their legs like dropsy and prevented them from working. Only calm seas saved them from wreck. When they arrived only two men were able to work.

—A strange matrimonial arrangement was agreed to between Mrs. Tennesee Conner, her husband, and Eli Hill, near Beckville, Panola county, Texas, on Wednesday. Mrs. Tennesse has been the wife of Mr. Conner about twelve years. A short time ago she met Hill and became greatly attached to him. Her infatuation reached a climax when she proposed to her husband to sign over to him all her right and title in the lands owned by them, for which he would divide the household goods with her, and she would take Hall and go. The proper legal papers were made out, and then she went off with her new affinity, and they arrived at Long View on Wednesday night.

TREASURER'S SALE

—OF—

SEATED AND UNSEATED

Lands and Lots

—IN—

Cambria County.

A. D. 1888.

I, THOMAS E. HOWE, Treasurer of Cambria county in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in pursuance of the several Acts of Assembly in said Commonwealth directing the time and manner of selling unseated lands for taxes, do hereby give notice that the following tracts of unseated lands and lots of ground in the said County of Cambria, or such parts thereof as may be necessary to pay arrearages of taxes due thereon for one year or more, will be offered for sale at the Court House, in the borough of Ebensburg, on the second Monday, being the 11th day of June, next, and continue by adjournment from day to day until the whole be sold for such arrearages of taxes and costs necessarily accuring thereon.

Unseated Lands.—1886-7.

NAMES OF OWNERS OR WARRANTEES.

ACRES.	P'R'S.		TAXES.
		Adams Township.	
449		John Anderson	$ 55 06
439		John Morrison	54 94
440		Valantine Oster	55 06
118	55	Martin McDonald	15 12
120	114	Martin M. McDonald	15 32
533	40	Robt. Ross	54 58
401		Jacob Clement	50 20
400		Ferdinand Gerdan	50 10
50		D. F. Storm	12 90
81		Thomas Smith, (part)	9 52
400		—— O'Neill	50 10
400		H. M. Neal	50 10
158		Seymore & Wentz	20 18
800		James Sawyer	99 70
150		Geo. W. Vickroy	19 20
236		Thomas Donahoe	31 50
217		Thomas Donahoe	37 70
125		Thomas Donahoe	8 25
397		John Fulton et. al	25 13
		Barr Township.	
108		Thomas Edwards (part)	13 68
14		Owen D. Williams	2 24
100		John Byrnes	12 05
150		Gray & Wyland	11 22
140		Fred & Geo. Snyder	6 38
100		John Thomas	12 05
		Blacklick Township.	
162		J. C. Martin (Sebastian Graff)	21 86
50		Gabriel Boring, (Snyder)	7 00
515		Mary Evans	67 45
100		Cambria Land Co.	13 50
343		Emanuel Brallier	67 39
7		William Cameron	1 42
160		Cambria Land Co.	16 10
434		Cambria Land Co.	85 12
		Cambria Township.	
80		William Burnhamer	7 82
25		Jno. Boyd	2 76
50		William Linton	5 09
132		R. H. Tudor	12 59
174		Jos. Dunmire	16 41
		Chest Township.	
300		William Parker	121 10
452	44	Anthony Simon	182 19
452	44	Nathan Loughborough	182 19
321	52	Thomas Ketland	86 52
434		John Ashly	143 89
201	63	Thomas Masters	67 83
147	28	John Ketland	44 78
123	80	Henry Philips	36 12
212	44	Samuel Ruth	99 83
50		James Foster	13 90
100		Foster & Gilson	27 30
405	106	James Ruth	109 04
127		William Parker	60 73
156	137	Simon Walker	84 19
73		David D. Carson	20 05
		Clearfield Township.	
23		Samuel Calvin	8 43
100		A. & P. Flynn	28 55
209		Fiske & Blair	55 85
130		Martin McMullen, est.	36 96
200		Condron & Hartman	65 95
1229		James Condron	439 95
		Carroll Township.	
90		Sebastian Luther	23 84
48		John Weber	7 61
		Conemaugh Township.	
300	126	Richard Smith	104 00
		Joseph Hogue 2 lots	3 26
		Croyle Township.	
11	99	Samuel S. Paul	4 65
7		P. M. & J. Brown	2 22
34		P. M. & J. Brown	8 80
9		Geo. Heather	2 71
18		John Lavett	5 00
		George Heather, 1 lot	1 33
		C. B. Ellis, 1 lot No. 3	2 16
		C. B. Ellis, 1 lot No. 4	2 16
14		Thomas Croyle, est.	1 33
		Dean Township.	
72		Morris Wolf	12 08
369		Henry Wolf	59 56
131		Henry Davis	21 44
110		Joseph Davis	18 10
125		James Jones	20 50
200		Bell & Blair	80 50
40		John Mears	6 90
454		John Fisher	70 46
433		Jacob Harris	69 76
433		John Harrison	69 76
330		John Brotherline	53 30
200		John Brotherline	32 50
400		Thomas Patterson	112 50
200		Patrick Kelly	32 50
200		Patrick Such	32 50
124		James Harris	39 24
403		Joseph Harris	96 50
200		William Barton	72 50
200		Ezekiel Farmer	64 50
116		William Tilton	18 90
330		Jesse Bush	53 30
230		Lewis Wolf	75 54
350		Reilly & Sergeant	96 50
400		Andy Graydon	64 50
100		James Bryson	28 50
71		Jno. S. Colbert	28 90
406	142	James Jones	65 44
		Elder Township.	
122		Foster & Gilson	40 76
200		Andrew Weaver	66 50
34		Jas. Cunningham	11 72
50		Jos. Thomas	32 50
		Gallitzin Township.	
48		M. M. Adams	14 42
190		Aaron Brown	85 15
50		Mary Hamner	9 20
100		Nicholas Bell	44 00
1		John A. Kennedy, (mineral)	1 37
275		John Hay, (mineral right)	136 80
143		John Gray	62 66
80		James Condron	22 70
1		Neal Gillen, adm'r	1 08
1		J. T. Christy	1 20
		Jackson Township.	
100		John Hubley	17 75
46		Thomas White	10 16
25		Geo. H. Douglass	6 04
61		Philip Alwine	13 14
288		Thos. Vickroy	60 12
440		Wise & Brother	91 58
42		Alex. Hunter	8 78
35		Daniel Farley	7 74
293		John Wigton	60 92
59		David M. Pringle	8 61
50		W. H. Sechler	7 40
100		Samuel White	14 30
300		Andrew White	41 90
200		Daniel Black	28 10
309		John Black	43 15
300		Andrew Black	41 90
300		David Black	41 90
50		John Snyder	10 85
		Cambria Land Co.	
139		Daniel Levy	28 10
363		William Morris	75 64
208		Isaac Bowser	45 22
153		Daniel Farley	32 17
184	39	Joseph Ewing	39 24
89		James Reese	18 90
234		John Simpson	69 62
		Portage Township.	
200		Fred Hurton	41 50
200		Samuel Hinton	41 50
439		Geo. Gutwald	69 50
130		H. & Z. Zeller	21 82
90		Wm. P. McConnell	18 26
70		Thomas McConnell, est.	12 08
900		—— Kinports	148 10
		Reade Township.	
234		Robt. Atkins	64 74
200	7	P. & A. Flynn	44 90
423		Patrick Borland	64 14
433		Bells Gap R. R. Co.	64 58
140		John Bannon, Jr.	21 42
217		Barger & Gross	80 78
434		Barger & Gross	161 08
174	108	Thomas Sanborn	28 92
434	3	Morris Such	64 74
434	3	Martin Bush	64 74
415		Morris Bush	61 92
159		Henry Bush	23 82
100		Joseph Boreland	15 30
70		Henry Such	[illegible]
107		David Jackson	[illegible]
100		Henry Keeple	[illegible]
200		William Horton	5 10
50		John Servers	7 30
274	113	Reilly & Sargeant	39 06
300		Garnett & Cattinger	41 90
12		John H. Fiske	4 66
25		John Brown	6 06
100		W. H. Woods	30 10
47		Geo. M. Reade	25 28
136		Chas. Ranstead	81 00
200		John Bell	30 10
1040		Hon. John Dean	402 22
153		James L. Gwinn	11 84
9		John Hollen	1 24
95		B. T. Bell	7 54
433		Troxell & Glasgow	16 52
		Stonycreek Township.	
10		S. H. Smith	4 00
7		Lewis Plitt	2 95
		Summerhill Township.	
439	80	Jacob Nagle	77 84
439	80	Henry Woods	77 84
439	80	James Datton	77 84
439	80	James Seawright	77 84
100		Wilson Hunt	18 10
93		Ebenezer Brankaun	16 96
440		Wm. Smith, D. D.	77 94
72		Wm. Smith, D. D., (part)	13 07
370	40	Israel Jones	65 62
		Susquehanna Township.	
100		Joseph Thomas	54 92
		Washington Township.	
400		J. R. McFarland	77 30
400		Richard Constantine	77 30
352		Simon Rosp	79 48
200		Sechler & Clark	62 30
50		S. H. Leonard	22 90
5		John A. Kennedy	2 16
349		James Kennier	134 53
21		John Haines, (part)	8 56
14		Wm. Kennier, (part)	5 88
43		H. S. Smith & Co.	23 45
50		Sophia Hurd	9 52
		West Taylor Township.	
30		Sechler & Peelor	4 00
228		Calvin M. Galbraith	36 06
		White Township.	
302		Simon Walker	97 20
400		Henry Philips	126 47
327		Henry Philips	126 47
183		James Wilson	49 30
25		Walters & Dillon	7 14
449		Alex. Brown	180 10
504		Thomas Brown	238 10
402		William Harris	168 50
286		John Harris	87 44
429		John Harris	87 44
523		James Read	279 45
336		James Thompson	108 00
456		Thomas Sanburn	182 90
170	93	Simon Walker	68 50
312		Henry Philips	152 52
385		Henry Philips	152 52
500		Samuel Calvin	160 50
250		Curry & Jones, assignee	80 50
10		Matthew Cowan	4 50
65		Hon. John Dean	25 50
114		Frederick Mollenaux	32 97
545		James Stephenson	218 50
30		Abraham Matthews	10 10
406	142	James Jones	118 97
		Lower Yoder Township.	
260		Johnson Heirs	11 81
224		Joseph Gates	10 28
100		James P. McConahey	4 85
85		James S. Williams	4 50

Seated Lands.—1885-6.

A.	H.	L.		TAXES.
			Adams Township.	
1150			Cambria Coal & Iron Co.	66 07
80			" " " "	5 07
200			Thos. Donahoe	5 54
236			" "	6 41
302			Patrick McGough & Co.	40 71
306			" " "	41 31
	1	1	M. B. Snyder	5 54
40			Daniel Fyock	4 38
50			Levi Orris est	6 82
			Ashville Independent School District.	
50			James Condron	2 72
			Barr Township.	
60			Joseph Gian	10 29
174			Alex. Irwin	26 34
20			A. F. Jackson	2 19
73			Jno. D. Jones	2 08
50			Wm. A. Evans	2 06
30			Wilber Jackson	3 85
100			A. J. Boland, est.	2 92
90			Gittings & Edwards	6 72
15			J. McDonald	3 85
140			Michael Snyder	1 55
41			William Williams	3 20
63			Hugh Dougherty	1 55
40			Lorens Wyland	2 38
50			Lorens Wyland	2 00
67			Fred. Shultz	1 25
30			Joseph Gardner	4 10
140			Fred. & Geo. Snyder	5 62
100			Jno. Thomas	4 91
150			Gray & Wyland	3 43
			Blacklick Township.	
40			Jno. Foust	[illegible]
10			Benj. Gilpatrick	[illegible]
160			Jno. Lameraux	[illegible]
90			Harrison Overdorf	7 28
137			Mary Ross	5 17
100			Stoneback & Martin	12 16
100			Philip Anstead	4 30
100			Thos. Lloyd, est.	12 63
150			Blacklick Navigation Co.	11 41
123			Blacklick Navigation Co.	6 06
90			Jas. G. Hasson, M. R.	3 44
120			A. Rex	4 75
			Cambria Township.	
400			Gilbert L. Lloyd	72 40
14			F. A. Shoemaker	2 63
50			F. A. Shoemaker	19 36
5			James H. Davis	2 13
100			David E. Davis	2 75
116			Wm. Martz	5 18
			Carroll Township.	
8			Martin Yahner	2 30
			Carrolltown Borough.	
	1	1	Jno. G. Gill	2 72
			Chest Township.	
100			S. E. Burns	8 10
194			Elizabeth Thomas	8 18
49			Samuel Gill, M. R.	1 51
100			Michael Exner	6 80
40			Geo. Exner	1 76
			Clearfield Township.	
10			Wm. McGuire	4 03
5			Thomas Martin, Jr.	87
50			Jas. Swires	1 37
			A. & P. Flynn, timber	18 80
10			Jas. Gauntner	2 22
84			Mrs. Mary Morris	7 01
10			Mrs. Mary Mayer	5 10
20			Thomas W. Nagle	4 27
50			Thomas Dugbin, est.	2 71
4			Hugh McMullen	65
28½			A. D. Wharton	2 55
			Conemaugh Township.	
		2	Chas. Kelly	1 95
77			James Burke	15 33
			Cooperdale Borough.	
	2	6	Hugh Greenwood	15 62
	1	1	Wm. Bowser	2 39
			Croyle Township.	
150			Cambria Coal & Iron Co.	[illegible]
	1	1	David Scott, est.	[illegible]
			(Coal bank) Cam'a Iron Co.	[illegible]
			" "	[illegible]
			" "	[illegible]
			Dean Township.	
300			Abraham Louden	[illegible]
27			Thomas Keyers	[illegible]
10			Joseph Seguin	[illegible]
		1	Levi & Wm. Kelly	[illegible]
		1	Kelly & Nagle	[illegible]
30			Jas. W. McGuire	[illegible]
10			Jas. W. McGuire	[illegible]
			Ebensburg Borough.	
		½	M. J. Platt	[illegible]
	1	½	F. A. Shoemaker	[illegible]
			Elder Township.	
100			Blanchard & Co.	[illegible]
70			John Tubbs	[illegible]
			East Conemaugh Borough.	
		1	Christian Martin	[illegible]
		1	John Watkins	[illegible]
			Gallitzin Township.	
161			Glen White Coal & Lum'r Co.	[illegible]
5			R. W. Davis	[illegible]
103			Francis Burke	[illegible]
16			Margaret McGrimes	[illegible]
		1	John Mansfield	[illegible]
3			Canady Wilson	[illegible]
	1	1	Andrew Yeagley	[illegible]
			Lilly Borough.	
			Plack & Fogle, (coal bank)	[illegible]
			Johnstown Borough.	
			E. J. Meldron, 1st wd.	[illegible]
			Jackson Township.	
120			Henry Dishong	[illegible]
25			Cooley Degraw	[illegible]
76			J. S. Miller	[illegible]
3			Jno. A. Rager, (mill)	[illegible]
116			Jacob Reighard	[illegible]
51			George Rager	[illegible]
116			Reade & Co.	[illegible]
50			Wm. H. Gordon	[illegible]
100			Wm. H. Sechler	[illegible]
100			M. S. Bush	[illegible]
48			John Dunmire	[illegible]
44			Curist Leffler	[illegible]
125			George Findley	[illegible]
			Munster Township.	
70			Garret Rishon	[illegible]
100			Samuel Calvin	[illegible]
100			Jno. C. Noel	[illegible]
44			James Noon, (of C.)	[illegible]
			Portage Township.	
		1	Joseph Borkey, est.	[illegible]
397			A. H. Boyle	[illegible]
300			Henry Harker	[illegible]
5			Ellen & Rose McLaughlin	[illegible]
33			Jno. F. McGough	[illegible]
50			Francis McConnell	[illegible]
2			Catharine Parish	[illegible]
1	1		William Roberts	[illegible]
		2	Mrs. Anna H. McGonigle	[illegible]
67			James F. Skelly & Co.	[illegible]
10			Jno. E. Scanlan	[illegible]
		1	Mrs. Griffith, est.	[illegible]
4			Michael Egan	[illegible]
			Prospect Borough.	
			James Toohey	[illegible]
			Reade Township.	
[illegible]			[illegible]	[illegible]
418			[illegible]	[illegible]
32			" "	[illegible]
102			" "	[illegible]
113			" "	[illegible]
162			" "	[illegible]
423			" "	[illegible]
433			" "	[illegible]
153			Scott & H[illegible]	[illegible]
45			Samuel Hagerty, (mineral)	[illegible]
49			" "	[illegible]
	1		S. A. Hartzell	[illegible]
20			Confer Holton	[illegible]
		1	Martin Mullholland	[illegible]
	1	1	G. W. Snyder	[illegible]
60			Vats & Berdine, M. R.	[illegible]
	1	1	Capt. Jeffries	[illegible]
		1	Geo. F. Slater	[illegible]
			John Wagner, (mill)	[illegible]
100			John Clark, Sr.	[illegible]
96			John Clark, Sr.	[illegible]
36			P. & H. Flynn	[illegible]
45			J. C. Gates	[illegible]
		1	Joseph Lewis	[illegible]
	1	2	Joseph Richey	[illegible]
			Richland Township.	
18			Henry Esh	[illegible]
60			" "	[illegible]
98			" "	[illegible]
			Stonycreek Township.	
		1	W. K. Clark	[illegible]
		1	Jacob Ettrick	[illegible]
		1	Jacob C. Fisher	[illegible]
2			Honer & Kurtz	[illegible]
		1	Mary H. Martin	[illegible]
		1	Frank Shaffer	[illegible]
		1	Geo. W. Thomas	[illegible]
		1	W. H. Watson	[illegible]
	1	1	Max Umbaugh	[illegible]
	1	3	F. H. Sedlemyer	[illegible]
			Summerhill Township.	
230			L. C. Caldwell	[illegible]
102			" "	[illegible]
100			" "	[illegible]
100			" "	[illegible]
35			Hugh Duncan, est.	[illegible]
474			Thomas Donahoe	[illegible]
372			C. H. Gross	[illegible]
83			" "	[illegible]
184			" "	[illegible]
40			Fred. Krasser	[illegible]
20			J. L. P. McCallister	[illegible]
40			Adam Matchenoacher	[illegible]
9			Mrs. Preall	[illegible]
100 (and mill)			Henry Plummer	[illegible]
398			John Reilly	[illegible]
220			Wm. P. Schell	[illegible]
45			David Wolf	[illegible]
300			Mary A. Duffe	[illegible]
50			Jerre McGonigle, est.	[illegible]
67			Wm. Sparks	[illegible]
12			Daniel Sherbine	[illegible]
120			H. Kinkead	[illegible]
62			W. C. Snively	[illegible]
94			Isaac Wright	[illegible]
18			A. J. Walters	[illegible]
			Susquehanna Township.	
23			Archibald Smith	[illegible]
40			P. W. Helfrick	[illegible]
			Tunnelhill Borough.	
	1	2	John Burns, No. 2	[illegible]
			Washington Township.	
		1	Exner Auraundt	[illegible]
	1	1	Joshua Auraundt	[illegible]
106	1	1	G. I. Davis	[illegible]
12			Henry J. Hopple	[illegible]
78			Owen Ingelsby	[illegible]
			Knox & Shoemaker, (mill)	[illegible]
185			R. W. Lemon, est.	[illegible]
41	2	2	Caron Leahy	[illegible]
21			Caron Leahy	[illegible]
30			Gardner V. Morrow	[illegible]
		1	Mary McCloskey	[illegible]
173			Plack & Fogle	[illegible]
	1	1	Jno. E. Storm	[illegible]
62			William Tiley	[illegible]
	1	1	Michael George	[illegible]
	1	2	Alexander George	[illegible]
	1	1	James Johnston	[illegible]
22	1	2	John Kinney, est.	[illegible]
	1	1	Emma McCauley	[illegible]
200			Catharine Noon	[illegible]
5			Patrick O'Dowd	[illegible]
2½			William Ryan	[illegible]
		1	Peter Short	[illegible]
7			John Vorley	[illegible]
		1	James Burns	[illegible]
125			Frazer & McGonigle	[illegible]
	1	1	John Quail	[illegible]
162			Fred. Ahrenfelt, (mineral)	[illegible]
		2	Wm. Beck	[illegible]
176			P. M. & R. George	[illegible]
1			Mary E. Williams	[illegible]
			White Township.	
40			Wilson Gallagher	[illegible]
50			Wilson Gallaher	[illegible]
50			Jno. G. Gill	[illegible]
100			Perry Troxell	[illegible]
25			Isaac Gates, heirs	[illegible]
2			Isaac Gates	[illegible]
84			D. A. Luther	[illegible]
			Wilmore Borough.	
	1	1	Harkins Ott, est.	[illegible]
			East Taylor Township.	
3			Samuel Morrow	[illegible]
	1	1	James Mullen	[illegible]
5	2		William S[illegible]	[illegible]
			West Taylor Township.	
43			John [illegible]	[illegible]
35			Cyrus [illegible]	[illegible]
			David F[illegible] (bank)	[illegible]
			Lower Yoder Township.	
		1	Isaac [illegible]	[illegible]
			John Bowler	[illegible]
5			[illegible]	[illegible]
		1	A. H. Brown	[illegible]
		1	Xaver Baxler	[illegible]
	1		Geo. M. Chase	[illegible]
		1	Mrs. Harriet Graham	[illegible]
		½	Julius Hoffman	[illegible]
		1	Chas. Kinter	[illegible]
		1	Nicholas Kinter	[illegible]
		1	William Keller	[illegible]
		1	Mrs. Mary A. King	[illegible]
		1	John Line	[illegible]
	1	1	Christ Leffler	[illegible]
	1		D. H. Miller	[illegible]
51			Joseph Mulvehill	[illegible]
		1	Ephraim Miller	[illegible]
		1	John McGrory	[illegible]
	1	1	Samuel Mardis	[illegible]
		1	Daniel Pritz	[illegible]
80			Jno. E. Smith, (col)	[illegible]
	1	1	Ottinger Reed	[illegible]
	1	1	Jacob Penrod	[illegible]
		1	J. Sharp	[illegible]
		1	Herronimus Schnell	[illegible]
			Jacob B. Worts	[illegible]
½		1	George Watley	[illegible]
		1	Samuel Wallet	[illegible]
30			John Warner	[illegible]
½			Wm. Hughes	[illegible]
150			Eng. Hornberger, (col)	[illegible]
130			Peter Gardner	[illegible]
		1	Harry Morton	[illegible]
		1	Mrs. D. Glaubler	[illegible]
		1	Blair Herron	[illegible]
50			John Hill	[illegible]
		1	Agnes Kerr	[illegible]
			Upper Yoder Township.	
150			Andrew Rippie	[illegible]

THOMAS E. HOWE, Treasurer.

Treasurer's Office, Ebensburg, April 13, 1888.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - MAY 11, 1888.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Mr. D. G. Myers, of Ashville, was here on Tuesday.

—Isaac Horner has been appointed postmaster at Elton.

—The grinding organ was heard on our streets on Saturday last.

—Father Boyle, of Gallitzin, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Simon P. Lantzy has been appointed postmaster at Garman's Mills.

—Judge Johnston is having his front and side yards graded and sodded.

—Mr. E. James has placed a fine new sign in front of his drug store.

—Mr. William Horan, of Johnstown, was a visitor to our town on Wednesday.

Mr. John O'Hara has built a fine new fence around his residence on Julian street.

—The band of this place realized about $160 out of their entertainment on Saturday last.

—The street lamp at Dr. Davison's corner has fallen a victim to playing ball on the street.

—Mr. Wallace Davis, formerly of this place, was in town during the latter part of last week.

—Mr. T. H. Heist, of the Bolton House, Harrisburg, Pa., was in town on Saturday and Sunday last.

—Hereafter the Literary Society of this place will meet in the Opera house instead of the school house.

—The corner stone of the Sisters of St. Joseph's new building in this place was placed in position on Tuesday.

—Mr. J. B. Denny purchased a fine team of match bays, on Tuesday last, from Mr. J. M. Cummingham, of Indiana.

—Mrs. L. H. Linton, formerly of this place, but now of Johnstown, is visiting friends and relatives in this place.

—Dr. J. T. Christy, of Altoona, spent a few days in town the present week attending the audit in F. X. Christy's estate.

—Miss Maggie Dunnegan, who is attending Normal school in this place, returned to her home in St. Augustine on Monday.

—H. H. Myers, Esq., of this place, took his departure for Pittsburg on Sunday last to serve as a juror in the United States Court.

—There were no services in the Church of the Holy Name in this place to-day (Thursday) owing to the illness of Father Walsh.

—Joe Gutwald, Jr., has opened a meat market opposite the postoffice, where he will be glad to accomodate persons wanting good meat.

—Mr. Frank Powers, the obliging P. R. R. ticket agent at Cresson, spent Saturday night and part of Sunday with his many friends in this place.

—Prof. M. R. Denny, of Gallitzin, came up to this place on Saturday evening to take in the band entertainment, and expressed himself as being well pleased.

—Edward Rodgers, a native of this place, died at his home in Oil City, on Friday, April 27th. He was 42 years of age and leaves a wife and seven children.

—Mr. Hez. Cameron, of Penfield, Clearfield county, while out hunting on the Laurel Run a few days ago, shot a large black bear weighing 674½ pounds.

—Clark Wilson, who in 1865 was editor and publisher of the old *Democrat & Sentinel* in this place has recently been appointed postmaster at Smethport, McKean county.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. B. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—Miss Annie Blair, daughter of ex Sheriff John A. Blair, of this place, who had been spending the winter with her sister Mrs. Thomas McDermott, of Johnstown, returned home last week.

—Adam Moore, a minor, was run over by a helping engine at East Conemaugh on Monday evening and so badly injured that he died within an hour. He was 33 years of age and leaves a wife and one child.

—Young Kinsloe, of Osceola, whose abduction of a young girl created such a sensation, was tried at Clearfield this week and sentenced to pay the costs of prosecution and to be imprisoned for four months in the county jail.

—The saw and shingle mill of R. S Stewart, at the mouth of Surveyor's run, on the line between Goshen and Girard townships, Clearfield county, with the machinery, was destroyed by fire one night last week. Loss, $15,000; no insurance.

—An unfurnished house of seven rooms in the east ward, Ebensburg, will be ready for occupancy and for rent by the 15th of June next, will be rented for the summer or for a term of years. For particulars apply to Henry Byrne, Ebensburg, Pa.

—Father Andrew Brown, at one time pastor of the Catholic congregation at Bedford and afterwards at Latrobe, has been assigned to the charge of the Catholic congregation at the Summit, in place of Father Davin, who has gone to Cambria.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath. Price 50 cents. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

—On Friday last a man playing a bass drum, cymbols, triangle and accordeon, made his appearance on the streets of this place. After playing for about an hour he was run out of town by the boys. A company of tramps playing bagpipes on Monday was treated to the same reception.

—On Monday evening while Professor Strayer was driving on the old Carrolltown road, about a mile and a half from town, his horse suddenly frightened at some sheep that were on the side of the road, and shying off to one side, threw Professor Strayer out of the buggy, badly spraining his right arm, and besides receiving several cuts on his hands.

—The firm of Hoover, Hughs & Co., contractors, of Pittsburgh, have commenced the erection of a cottage on the ground purchased by one of the Philips family, of Pittsburgh, last summer, from Mr. C. H. Kemp, being part of the Belmont property. The cottage is to contain twelve rooms, cost $10,000, and is to be ready for occupancy on the 15th of July.

—A gentleman representing the Washington office of Milo B. Stevens & Co. will be at New Hulbert House, Johnstown, May 21; Mountain House, Ebensburg, Tuesday 22, and at Globe Hotel, Altoona, Wednesday 23, to receive claims for pension, increase of pension, bounty, etc., which interested parties may desire to have prosecuted by said attorneys.

—While passing along the road on horseback a few days ago Miss Mattie McClain, of Donegal township, Westmoreland county, observed a dead tree about to fall. Her horse also was regarding the approaching body, and, with a wild plunge, unseated the young lady and threw her violently to the ground. At the same time the tree descended upon the horse's back, killing it instantly.

BY far the Finest Line of Dress Goods in Plain and Fancy Checks ever shown in Altoona are now being sold by Gable &C o. for 12½c. a yd.

GABLE & CO.'S ONE-PRICE STORE.

OUR Own Special Weave of Wool Henriettas (will not pull apart in the thread as many do) for 75c. a yard is a Genuine Bargains for you.

—Mr. R. L. Davis at his shoe store on Julian street has now ready for inspection the finest and best lot of men's, ladies,' misses' and children's shoes ever opened up in Ebensburg. All the latest styles and at prices lower than the same class of goods can be purchased in any other town in the State. Call and see for yourselves.

—In this issue of our paper, we publish the announcement of Mr. James A. Wharton, of Clearfield township, as a candidate for Poor Director. Mr. Wharton is one of Clearfield township's best citizens, a level-headed man, and a sterling Democrat and if nominated and elected the interests of the poor and the interests of the taxpayer would be looked after with signal ability and with but one purpose in view—the benefit of both.

—The burglars who robbed the store of W. C. Ashcom, at Riddlesburg, Bedford county, and the Eureka Co-operative Store at Six-Mile Run, on Monday night, 23rd ult., were captured at Coalport, Clearfield county. The names of the guilty persons are Thomas and James McPhee, aged respectively about 16 and 14 years, and a man named Kimes, aged about 27 years. Considerable of the stolen property was recovered. They are now in jail at Bedford.

—The nuns belonging to the Order of the Sisters of Mercy in and about Pittsburg are making preparations for their triennial pilgrimage to the Mother-house in that city, where an election for officers of the Order will take place on the 17th inst. The election is held every three years, and the most interest is centered in that of the Mother Superior. There will be about two hundred delegates present, who will come from all the houses in the Order.

—We call attention to the advertisement of Finzer's Old Honesty Plug Tobacco. It is made of the best of Burley Tobaccos, combined with pure and selected sweetenings, and will make a pleasant and lasting chew. Such dealers who have not it in stock will do well to give it a place on their shelves, and those who are not using it are requested to give it a fair trial and be convinced of the superiority, good quality and reliability of Finzer's Old Honesty Plug Tobacco.

—Mr. James E. Neason, proprietor of the Union Hotel in Altoona, and well known in this county, where he formerly resided and served one term as County Commissioner was relieved of a valuable silver watch, a small purse containing between three and four dollars and a knife, on last Saturday night by burglars. They succeeded in getting into his house in the rear and finding Mr. Neason's room with the door ajar, slipped out his pants and vest and helped themselves to what was in the pockets.

—Mr. Sherman Tibbott, of this place, met with a narrow escape on Saturday from what might have proved a serious accident. While driving down Julian street, south of High street, with a load of empty beer kegs which were piled up on the wagon, his seat tilted and he was thrown on the wagon tongue between the horses, when they became frightened and started to run off. The were caught after running about a square with Mr. Tibbott hanging on to the wagon tongue. One wheel of the wagon was badly wrecked but Mr. Tibbott escaped without injury.

—The Glade House, a large building situated on the southwest corner of the Diamond, Somerset, was destroyed by fire with all its contents on Tuesday morning. Landlord Winters, his family and guests had a narrow escape, having to get out through the windows. Frease & Kooser, general merchants, who occupied a three story brick adjoining the Glade House, lost most of their stock and the building was badly damaged. The hotel cost $20,000 and was insured for $16,000. It was owned by W. J. Higginbotham. The loss to Frease & Kooser is heavy and insurance not known. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

—On last Monday the smoke house of Mr. Conrad, who lives on the Britt tract owned E. P. Baker, in Pine township, Indiana county, caught fire and was soon wrapped in flames. From there the fire spread swiftly and soon the dwelling house and the rest of the companies buildings were victims of its terrible greed. Passing on it swept over a lot of valuable timber, laid low the fences of Messrs. Rozer, Kanarr and Mulvehill, destroying about 5,000 rails for them, and finally reached the steam saw and shingle mill of James Steves, on the Roberts tract adjoining, which it soon reduced to ashes.—*Coolspori Monitor.*

—From the Greensburg *Press* we learn that about half-past 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon the Sisters of Charity were startled at hearing the report of a revolver near their residence and upon investigating the matter found a man, who proved to be 'Squire Elder, formerly of Mt. Pleasant, but for some time a resident of Greensburg, lying under an apple tree, about forty yards from the building, with a bullet hole through the body. The 'squire was seen by the Sisters in the forenoon, sitting along the railroad reading a newspaper, but they took little account of him, as they supposed him to be a tramp. He got into some financial trouble several months ago while in Mt. Pleasant, and since that time has been acting rather strangely, but no one anticipated any such a rash act. He has a family, consisting of a wife and five children, living in Greensburg.

Items from Lilly.

LILLY, PA., May 9th, 1888.

ED. FREEMAN.—The mines in this locality are running about half time.

Our genial store keeper, G. R. McIntosh, has purchased a two-wheeled road cart from a firm in Tyrone. Our wishes are that he may enjoy himself and not forget his neighbors (and we know he won't) for he is a good-hearted generous fellow.

It becomes our sad duty to chronicle the death of Mrs. Elias Lingerfelter, from that dread disease dropsy. She leaves to mourn her loss five little children, four boys and one girl.

Some of the miners have resumed work at the mines of the Standard Coal Company, Limited, after a shut down of three weeks. It is hoped the company will be a little more prompt in the future as to pay day.

The Lilly Coal Company, operated by a firm from Altoona, is sinking a slope for coal about one mile east of Lilly, and on Monday the men, not being satisfied with the wages given them, came out for an advance. They should have more, as they are in water knee deep during the time they are at work.

The family of Mr. John McCauley, of No. 3, is down with that dread disease, diphtheria. Several of the family of George Seabold, and two children of Mrs. Susan Conlonge are also down with the same disease. Our hopes are that it may soon be abated and that all may recover. The attending physicians are Dr. G. W. Grove, of Lilly and Dr. Stricker, of Portage.

Items from Carrolltown.

CARROLLTOWN, Mar. 28, 1888.

DEAR FREEMAN.—As it has been some time since I wrote to you, as an excuse, I was awaiting developments.

Spring has opened auspiciously, the fall crops, such as wheat and rye look good, the weather was mild and dry, and as a consequence the farmers got their work in, the oats are all sowed and some of it visible in its emerald coat and the fields are ready for the planting of corn. The most of the spring work will be completed this week, the weather permitting.

The new developments north are progressing rapididly. The new city of Hastings contains thirteen dwelling houses and three business places, namely J. J. Hauk & Bro., general store; Adam Miller, groceries, and Caleb A. Gray, hotel; all fine buildings. There is in course of erection a steam saw mill, which when completed will greatly facilitate the progress of building up Hastings, the lack of building material is all that retards its present growth.

The Messrs. McGovern Bro.'s are not pushing the building of the coke ovens very fast and have had their principal force engaged on the grading of the rail road bed, and as I was informed, are not intending to push work vigorously until the whistle of the engine is heard at the terminus, for the reason that it costs too much to wagon material to their plant.

St. Bonifacious is booming and everybody is smiling as it is the centre of trade at present in the vicinity of the coal territory. There was a Hungarian wedding ceremony performed at that place on Friday last and the Huns had a jolly time.

In about a year from now the north of Cambria will be a business centre.

Johnston, Buck & Co. have broken ground for a large building to be used as a bank and hardware store. It is being erected on the corner of Hon. John Buck's lot on the square opposite the church and is to be a modern building in all respects.

J. W. Sharbaugh, one of our popular merchants, is adding a fine veranda to his store front.

John Glasser, the tailor, has broken ground for a new addition to his house.

There are many minor improvements, such as repainting, whitewashing and tree planting which add to the beauty of our town.

Mr. Lawrence Schroth is rebuilding his stable and will soon have it completed.

Our "mutual" friend, Hon. Judge Thomas, has displayed extraordinary energy in beautifying his cosy hotel and surroundings and, to use the language of the poet, transformed the dreary desert into a garden of roses. The Judge is getting a fair share of patronage and his customers bid fair to become numerous. His son, George, still reigns over the bar and by his affable manners and obliging disposition, has gained many friends.

The political cauldron has commenced to boil and the defenders of the different candidates are adding fuel to the flames. Mr. Kinny was here as was also Mr. W. D. McClelland and Mr. C. A. Langbein, all affable and genial men. Mr. Langbein has many friends here and all through the north of the county. We feel like voting for him for the reason that he went through the mill some years ago and was defeated. He took it like a man and a Democrat and the next year turned out and supported the ticket and has done so every year since. He did not try to "pay back" as some would be Democrats generally do. I must say that the writer has known him for years and found him a good business man and solid Democrat. It is true he met with reverses as many do that embark on the sea of life; but no man should comdemn one for that for "a man's a man for a' that." I write this on account of hearing that some men who have not been true are vilifying Mr. Langbein's character as a Democrat. Look how many years Mr. Langbein sought no office. He was appointed Deputy Sheriff by the present incumbent, J. A. Gray, Esq., and his efficiency has proven so good that all the Court officers and business men who have had transactions with him, pronounce him the best man for that office and will support him. He is a man who is entirely fitted for the office to which he aspires and would perform the duties connected with it with credit to himself and the people. I am not asking any reader to support him as you all have your own free will to do what you think best, but the Democracy of Cambria must consider the men and not throw their votes away on account of locality.

At present writing we are enjoying a fine rain which makes nature look as though it was blushing green.

Hon. R. L. Johnston was a visitor to our town last week and had quite an agreeable time with his old-time friends.

The fruit crop promises to be abundant, if nothing happens to mar the outlook.

Mr. Anthony Segor is still holding his own at Mr. C. A. Farabaugh's brewery, and is turning out beer that equals any city beer.

AMICUS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, May 9, 1888:

Henry G. Mintmier and Sophia Fleshour, Parkstown.

Elmer Kennedy and Ida Fry, Johnstown.

William D. Clark and Lida D. Hudson, Croyle township.

William H. Miller and Jessie F. Wagner, Johnstown.

Luther M. Given and Jennie N. Hunter, Reade township.

Harry McCombie and Kisia Miller, Barr township.

James F. Jones, Chicago, Illinois, and Mary Alice Noel, Munster township.

Joseph Hofecker and Sadie Murphy, Adams township.

Wm. V. Kerr, Irwin, Westmoreland Co., Pa., and Mattie M. Rers, Ebensburg.

For Three Weeks

I was suffering from a severe cold in my head, accompanied by a pain in the temples. I tried some of the many catarrh remedies without any relief. Ely's Cream Balm was recommended to me. After only six applications of the Balm every trace of my cold was removed.—Henry C. Clark, 1st Division New York Appraisers Office.

For several years I have been troubled with catarrh. Ely's Cream Balm has proved to be the article desired. I believe it the only cure.—L. B. Coburn, Merchant, Towanda, Pa.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively scure Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. James and W. W. McAteer. Loretto.

Counterfeiters Arrested.

Assistant U. S. Marshal Ford received information last week that a gang of counterfeiters were at work in the neighborhood of Coalport, Clearfield county, and on last Friday morning accompanied by several detectives he went to work to capture the gang. Isaac Edmiston was the first man captured and when taken was at work on the dies and had several pieces of spurious coin on his person. Edmiston made a clean breast of the business and implicated Daniel Garman and two others named Loat and Estep who were captured on Saturday. John Myers, postmaster at Lloydsville, was also arrested for being in complicity with the gang and for tampering with the mails, but at the hearing which took place at Huntingdon on Saturday evening, he was discharged there being no evidence to sustain the charge. The officers in making the arrests found over $2,000 in spuries coin concealed by the prisoners. After the hearing at Huntingdon on Saturday evening Edmiston, Garman, Loat and Estep were remanded to the Western Penitentiary at Pittsburg for trial at the next term of the Circuit Court.

Sheriff's Sales.

BY virtue of sundry writs of *Fieri Facias* and *Venditioni Exponas* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Court House in Ebensburg, on

MONDAY, JUNE 4, 1888,

AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.,

the following real estate to wit:

All the right, title, and interest of J. R. Litzinger of, in, and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Adjourning lands of James, John and Michael McDermitts on the east, south and west, having the Connor tract on the north, containing one hundred (100) acres more or less, about seventy (70) of which are cleared, having thereon erected a log house and log barn. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of B. W. Litzinger and Eugene Litzinger, administrator of Wm. Litzinger, deceased.

Also, all the right, title and interest of Frank Burgoon of, in and to all that certain lot of ground situated in the borough of Ashville, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on Main street and extending back one hundred (100) feet, more or less, to an alley, having thereon erected a two story frame house and other outbuildings, being the same lot of ground which Joseph Trexler and wife by deed dated March 5th, 1880, and recorded in Vol. 55, page 489, conveyed to A. L. & C. Burgoon, now in the occupancy of Frank Burgoon. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Frederick Eger.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of Patt Connell of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in East Taylor township, Cambria county, Pa., fronting on the Ebensburg and Johnstown road on the west and running back to an alley on the east, adjoining lot of Thomas McGovern on the south and Rodger McAnally on the north, containing one acre, having thereon erected a two story plank house and other outbuildings, now in the occupancy of Patt Connell. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Commissioners of Cambria county.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of John Reese and Elizabeth Reese of, in, and to all that certain tract of land situated in Blacklick township, Cambria county, Pa., adjoining lands of Isaac Michaels on the east, Jefferson Rowland on the north, Elias Rowland on the west and others, containing fifty (50) acres, more or less, about—— acres cleared, having thereon erected a one and a half story log house, now in the occupancy of John Reese. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of use of Jefferson Rowland.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of Abraham DeHaven of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Susquehanna township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: On the west by lands of James Anderson and on the north by lands of Wm. Keith and Anthony Eager, on the south by lands of Mrs. Shultz and on the east by lands of Gray & Wyland. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of Peter Garman.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of F. M. Flanagan of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at a corner of Anthony Swoyers and John Conohans, thence by said Conohans land 89 degrees west 159 perches, more or less, to a post, thence south one degree west 106⅔ perches, more or less, to a post, thence south 89 degrees east 159 perches, more or less, to a pine, thence by Anthony Swoyer's land, north one degree east 106⅔ perches, more or less, to the place of beginning, containing one hundred (100) acres, more or less, and the usual allowances.

Also, all the right, title, and interest of F. M. Flanagan of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a post at corner of Patrick Watson's land, thence north 89 degrees west 150 perches, more or less, to a post, thence south one degree west 106⅔ perches to a post, thence by land of Daniel Conahan south 89 degrees east 150 perches to a post, thence by land of Swoyers and Hersheys north one degree east 106⅔ perches, more or less, to a post, the place of beginning, containing one hundred (100) acres and allowance. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of D. Fleming, Jr., cashier.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May 11th, 1888.

Register's Notice.

The following accounts have been examined and passed by me and remain filed of record in this office for the inspection of heirs, legatees, creditors, and all others interested and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Cambria County for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, June 6th, A. D., 1888:

No. 1. First and final account of Jno. P. Linton and T. F. Zimmerman, executors of the last will and testament of Christian Myers, late of Adams township, deceased.

No. 2. Sixth account of John P. Linton and Samuel Bheam, surviving executors of Geo. Bheam, late of Lower Yoder township, deceased.

No. 3. First and final account of Emanuel Ritchey, administrator of Jno. Ritchey, late of Johnstown borough, deceased.

No. 4. First and final account of Jno. F. Tibbott and Alvin Evans, two of the administrators of Thos. J. Lloyd, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased.

No. 5. First and final account of Eliza Sheehan, administratrix of John Sheehan, late of White township, deceased.

No. 6. First and final account of Mary Ann Kelly, administratrix of Charles Kelly, late of Conemaugh borough, deceased.

No. 7. First and final account of Eliza Jane Durbin, administratrix of James T. Durbin, late of Munster township, deceased.

No. 8. Second and final account of George Myers, guardian of Henry McGuire, son of Mark McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 9. First and final account of Eliza Jane Durbin, administratrix of James T. Durbin, who was one of the executors of Augustine Durbin, late of Munster township, deceased.

No. 10. First and final account of Leo Wess, executor of Joseph Brickner, late of Croyle township, deceased.

No. 11. First and final account of Samuel Reed, executor of Ann Elizabeth Bracken, late of Blacklick township, deceased.

No. 12. First and final account of Eugene Litzinger and W. B. Litzinger, administrators of Wm. Litzinger, deceased, who was administrator of John Maloy, deceased.

No. 13. Final account of John J. Good, executor of John Stemer, deceased.

No. 14 First and final account of Hiram McGuire, administrator of Wm. J. McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 15. First and partial account of Hiram McGuire, acting executor of Patrick McGuire, late of Clearfield township, deceased.

No. 16. First and final account of Joseph Limbacher and Martin Hornick, executors of Martin Hornick, late of Richland township, deceased.

No. 17. First and partial account of Irwin Horrell, guardian of Bertha Walls, minor child of Francis Walls, deceased.

No. 18. First and final account of Thomas G. Davis, executor of the last will and testament of Mary Davis, late of Blacklick township, deceased.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR, Register.

Ebensburg, May 7th, 1888.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS THE HON. R. L. JOHNSTON, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, of the 47th Judicial District consisting of the county of Cambria, has issued his precept bearing date the 15th day of March, 1888, to me directed, for holding a Special Court of Common Pleas and a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, and Quarter Sessions of the Peace, in Ebensburg for the county of Cambria, and to commence on the fourth Monday of May, being the 28th day of May, 1888, and to continue three weeks.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen, and Constables, of said county of Cambria, that they be then and there in their proper person, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon on the second week, it being the 1st Monday of June, and being the 4th day of June, 1888, with the records, inquistions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Cambria county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

GIVEN under my hand at Ebensburg, the 1st day of May in the year of our Lord 1888, and the One Hundred and Twelfth Year of the Independence of the United States.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May 1st, 1888.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias* issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale, at the Mansion House in Johnstown, on

FRIDAY, JUNE 9, 1888,

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following real estate to wit:

All the right, title, and interest of Ed. L. Shaffer of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situated in Upper Yoder township, Cambria county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a Spanish oak at the land of Jacob W. Ream, thence by same north 53 degrees east 56 and 8-10 perches to a post at the public road, thence by same north 31 degrees west 17 perches to a post, north 20¾ degrees west 20 perches north 18 degrees west 30 and 3-10 perches to a post a corner of land of William Ream, thence by same south 66 degrees west 75 and 6-10 perches to a post, thence by land of the Cambria Iron Company south 40 degrees east 82 perches to the place of beginning, containing 29 acres and 97 perches, all cleared. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of use James O'Connor.

TERMS OF SALE: One-third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on the confirmation of the deed.

JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.

Ebensburg, May *11*, 1888.

ADJOURNED Assignee's Sale —OF— Valuable Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, Pa., to me directed I will expose to public sale at the Court House in Ebensburg, Pa., on

SATURDAY, MAY 26, '88.

AT 1 O'CLOCK, P. M.,

the following described real estate, viz:

All those two certain lots of ground situate in the West Ward of the borough of Ebensburg, Cambria county Pa., fronting 132 feet on High street on the north and running back 264 feet along Mary Ann street on the east to Lloyd street, along Lloyd street on the south and adjoining lot of Richard Tudor on the west, having thereon erected a two story frame house, a frame stable, a wagon shed and all necessary outbuildings.

Also, all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Carroll, in said county of Cambria, bounded and described as follows, viz:

Beginning at a post on the Ebensburg road, thence by land of heirs of John Bennett, north 88½ degrees west 114 perches to a post, thence by land formerly of Emanuel Disbart, north 83 degrees east 150 perches to a post on the Ebensburg road, thence along said road, south 12 degrees, west 72 perches to a post, thence south 12 degrees west 40 perches to a post, thence south 9 degrees, west 41 perches to the place of beginning, containing 120 acres and 72 perches strict measure, having thereon erected a two-story frame house, a frame barn and outbuildings. This farm is situte about three miles from Carrolltown on the old road from Ebensburg to Carrolltown.

TERMS: Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid at the time of the sale, the balance of one third at the confirmation of the sale and one-third in six months, the remainder in twelve months from confirmation of the sale. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by the judgment bond and mortgage of the purchaser.

JOHN A. BLAIR,
Assignee of Joseph Gutwald.

Ebensburg, May 5th, 1888.—3t.

Widows Appraisements.

Notice is hereby given that the following named appraisments of property appraised and set apart for widows of decedents under the Act of Assembly of the 4th of April A. D., 1851, have been filed in the Register's office at Ebensburg, in and for the County of Cambria, and will be presented to the Orphan's Court of said county for confirmation and allowance on Wednesday, June 6th, A. D., 1888:

No. 1. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property and real estate appraised and set apart for Catharine O'Neill, widow of Owen O'Neill, late of Prospect borough, deceased, $290.50.

No. 2. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret Ryan, widow of Wm. Ryan, late of Lilly borough, deceased, $49.

No. 3. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary B. Mouse, widow of Frederick Mouse, late of Croyle township, deceased, $300.

No. 4. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Margaret E. Reese, widow of Elias Reese, late of Cambria township, deceased, $293.31.

No. 5. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property and real estate appraised and set apart for Ann Richards, widow of Wm. H. Richards, late of Jackson township, deceased, $300.

No. 6. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Mary Stiles, widow of David Stiles, late of Blacklick township, deceased, $219.

No. 7. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Emma J. Myers, widow of William H. Myers, late of Johnstown borough, deceased, $153.85.

No. 8. Inventory and appraisement of certain personal property appraised and set apart for Elizabeth Reese, widow of Thomas J. Reese, late of Cambria township, deceased, $299.93.

CELESTINE J. BLAIR, Register.

Ebensburg, May 7th, 1888.

TRIAL LIST.

List of cases set down for trial on second week of June Term, commencing Monday, June 11th, 1888.

Haws	vs.	Haws.
Peden	vs.	Peden.
Rapp	vs.	Langbein & Thomas.
Stauffer	vs.	Stekman et. ux.
Williams	vs.	Minton.
Yeazley	vs.	Koosman.
Anna	vs.	Notley.
Cassiday	vs.	Same.
Farley	vs.	Rhody.
Newark Machine Co.	vs.	Walters.
Easly for use	vs.	Hipps & Lloyd.
Wilkinson	vs.	Recke.
Thomas for use	vs.	Lloyd & Craver.
Coy for use	vs.	Same.
Thomas	vs.	Same.
Gray, Assignee of McCombie	vs.	Hughes.
Rager	vs.	De Grew.
Fairbanks Scale Co.	vs.	Leahy.
Slabier	vs.	Crain.
Rodgers	vs.	Kearney.
Fenn	vs.	Brady.
Rodgers	vs.	Kearney.
Swank	vs.	Baker.
Corney	vs.	McGlade.
Chapman	vs.	Cambria Iron Co.

H. H. SHOEMAKER, Proth'y.

Ebensburg, May 11, 1888.

Trial List.

List of cases set down for trial at a special term of court to be held at Ebensburg, commencing on Monday, May 28th, 1888.

Freidhoff	vs.	Gutwald.
Same	vs.	Same.
Gates et al	vs.	Fiske et. al.
Condron et al	vs.	McDermitt.
Miller	vs.	Stoltz & Kennedy.
Gallagher et. al	vs.	Durbin.
Glass	vs.	P. R. R. Co.

H. A. SHOEMAKER, Proth'y.

Ebensburg, May 5th, 1887.

What Medical Men Say.

Superintendents of Hospitals and the Faculty in general have, over their own signatures, endorsed, for purity, age and quality, the now well-known stimulant,

KLEIN'S SILVER AGE.

The price is within the reach of most anyone, being only $1.50 for a full quart. You can also get the following well known brands, never less than six years old: Finch's, Gibson's or Guckenheimer's. Full quarts, $1 each, or six quarts for $5, neatly packed and sent anywhere. Send the money, that I may snip to you direct and obiedent to all laws. Address

MAX KLEIN,
Dealer in Rye Whiskies,
Allegheny, Pa.

May 11, '88, 1 yr.

ROBERT EVANS,



UNDERTAKER,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE,

Ebensburg, Pa.

A full line of Caskets always on hand.

Bodies Embalmed

WHEN REQUIRED.

Apr 30 '86

POLITICAL.

FOR SHERIFF.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the decision of the next Democratic primary election.
C. A. LANGBEIN.
Ebensburg, Pa., Feb. 24, 1888.

FOR SHERIFF.
John J. Kinney, of Tunnelhill borough at the coming Democratic primary election. Your support respectfully solicited.

FOR SHERIFF.
We are authorized to announce the name of W. D. McClelland, of Johnstown, as a candidate for Sheriff subject to the decision of the next Democratic primary election.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.—
We are authorized to announce the name of John F. Long, of Cambria township as a candidate for Poor Director, subject to the decison of the next Democratic primary election.

FOR POOR DIRECTOR.
We are authorized to announce the name of James A. Wharton, of Clearfield township, as a candidate for the nomination of Poor Director subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Assembly subject to the Democratic primary election.
LEWIS STRAYER.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
We are authorized to announce that John S. Rhey is a candidate for nomination for Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

FOR ASSEMBLY.
We are authorized to announce the name of Daniel McLaughlin, of Johnstown, as a candidate for Assembly subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—
Notice is hereby given that Francis Maloy and wife of Allegheny township have made a voluntary assignment of all the estate and effects of the said Francis Maloy to me in trust for the benefit of his creditors. All persons indebted to the said Francis Maloy are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against him will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
M. D. KITTELL,
Assignee of Francis Maloy.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1888.-6t.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE.—
Letters of administration on the estate of Patrick Dunn, deceased, of Ashville borough, Cambria county, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate, to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement to
MATTHEW DUNN,
Adm'r, Altoona, Pa.,
or F. A. Shoemaker, att'y for administrator, Ebensburg, Pa.
April 6, 1888.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—
Letters of administration on the estate of Elizabeth O'Hara, deceased, late of Munster township, Cambria county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement to.
JOHN O'HARA,
Adm'r of Elizabeth O'Hara, dec'd.
Cresson, Pa., May 11, 1888.-6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—
The undersigned auditor appointed by the Orphan's Court of Cambria county to hear and decide upon the exceptions filed to the first and final account of O. J. Westover, administrator of John Westover, deceased, and report distribution of the balance in the hands of said accountant, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in the borough of Ebensburg, on Friday, May 25th, 1888, at 10 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment, at which time and place all persons interested shall attend or be forever debarred from coming in on said fund.
ALVIN EVANS, Auditor.
Ebensburg, May 5th, 1888.—3t.

FOR SALE.—
The subscriber will sell at private sale a water power saw mill with from one to five acres of ground situated in Elder township, Cambria county, Pa. The mill has a 16 feet over shot wheel, a circular saw, is in good condition and is located about one-half mile from the new town of Hastings, on the Brubaker railroad, and within a quarter of a mile of the railroad and a branch of the railroad is located running within five rods of the mill. The mill is surrounded with a fine lot of timber, yet to cut. For a good investment, this is a rare opportunity. Call on or address the subscriber on the premises.
SEBASTIAN HOLTZ.
Elder township, April 27, 1888.—3m.

NOTICE.—
To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Civilla Myers, deceased: Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late residence of Civilla Myers, deceased, in the township of Summerhill, in the County of Cambria, on Thursday, May 20th, next, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent to and among his heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise, to value and appraise the same according law, at which time and place you are requested to attend if you think proper.
JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's office, Ebensburg, April 20, 1888.—6t.

NOTICE.—
To the Heirs and Legal Representatives of Annie P. McGonigle, deceased. Take notice that an inquest will be held at the late residence of Annie B. McGonigle, deceased, in the borough of Lilly, in the County of Cambria, on Monday, May 28th, next, at 10 o'clock, in the forenoon of that day, for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said decedent to and among her heirs and legal representatives, if the same can be done without prejudice to or spoiling of the whole; otherwise, to value and appraise the same according to law, at which time and place you are required to attend if you think proper.
JOSEPH A. GRAY, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, April 20, 1888.—6t.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARTER of Incorporation. Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on May 19th, 1888, by Michael Bracken, Joseph Bengele, Thomas Munroe, Frederick Ehrenfold and James W. Kilduff, under the Act of Assembly approved April 29th, 1874, entitled "an act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," and the suplements thereto, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called "The Gallitzin and Tunnelhill Water, Light and Heat company, Limited," the charter and object of which are to supply water, light and heat in the boroughs of Gallitzin and Tunnelhill in the county of Cambria, and State of Pennsylvania, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and supplements thereto.
M. D. KITTELL, Solicitor.
Ebensburg, May, 4, 1888.—3t.

ATTENTION STOCKRAISERS.—
"High and Mighty" the first thoroughbred English stallion ever brought to Cambria county will stand for service during the season on Monday and Tuesday of each week at the stable of John Topper, in Adams township, and the rest of the week at the stable of the owner, about 80 rods east of Wilmore Station. "High and Mighty" is an English Shire horse, foaled in 1884, registered number 5115, imported in June 1887 by J. S. Kunkle & Co., of Irwin Station, Pa., color black, weight 1,700 pounds and when fully developed will weigh 2,000 pounds; and recently purchased by the undersigned for $1250. For pedigree see posters, and to be thoroughly convinced come to see horse. Terms: $20 for insurance, payable when mare is known to be with foal. Due care, but no responsibility for accidents.
IRA BLOOM,
Owner and Keeper.
Wilmore, Pa., April 27, 1888.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BUCK.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,

BANKERS,

Ebensburg, Pa.

Money Received on Deposit,

PAYABLE ON DEMAND.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS

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AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.

DRAFTS on the Principal Cities

Bought and Sold and a

General Banking Business Transacted.

ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.

A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Ebensburg, April 4, 1884.-tf.

GREAT EXCITEMENT!

The grand display of all wool $10 Suits now offered for sale by Woolf, Son & Thomas, the Champion Clothiers of Johnstown, has stirred up the whole community. Customers are coming

BEWILDERED BY THE GREAT BARGAINS

and competitors fairly paralized. Everybody admits that these

ALL WOOL $10 SUITS

are equal to any $14 Suit sold elsewhere in Johnstown. A big Variety to select from.

☞ See their great display of new Spring Hats. A beautiful

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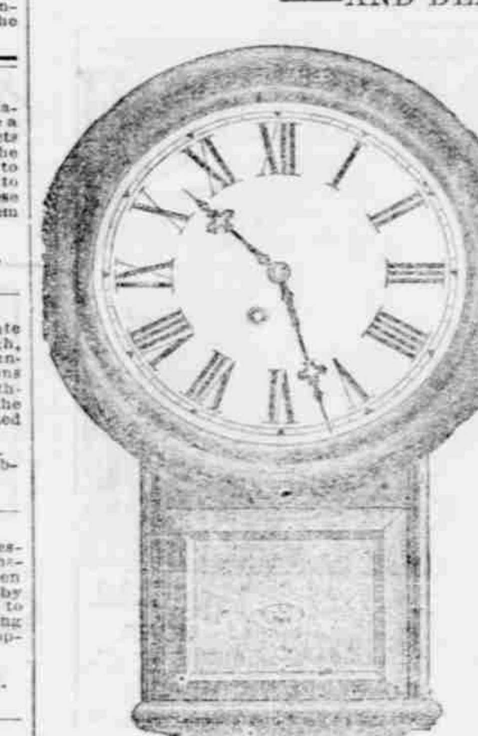
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CARL RIVINIUS,

—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

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Watches, Clocks,

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Celebrated Rockford

WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches,

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LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KINDS of JEWELRY always on hand.

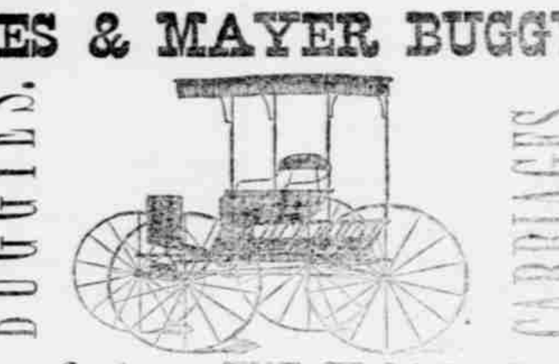
☞ My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED ☜

CARL RIVINIUS.

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885.-tf.

JAMES & MAYER BUGGY CO.



Manufacture THE Vehicle for the

FARMERS' & MERCHANTS' USE.

The most Stylish, Best finished and Most durable medium priced VEHICLES ever offered in America.

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CINCINNATI, Ohio.

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Over Ten Thousand Trial Packages mailed to patients a large proportion of whom took a full treatment and were restored to health by use of PROF. HARRIS' SEMINAL PASTILLES. A Radical Cure for Nervous Debility, Organic Weakness and Physical Decay in Young or Middle Aged Men. Tested for Eight Years in many thousand cases they absolutely restore prematurely aged and broken down men to the full enjoyment of perfect and full Manly Strength and Vigorous Health. To those who suffer from the many obscure diseases brought about by Indiscretion, Exposure, Over-Brain Work, or too free Indulgence, we ask that you send us your name with statement of your trouble, and secure TRIAL PACKAGE FREE, with Illust'd Pamphlet &c.

TREATMENT.—One Month, $3. Two Mos. $5. Three, $7

HARRIS REMEDY CO., MF'G CHEMISTS, 306½ N. Tenth Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

RUPTURED PERSONS can have FREE Trial of our Appliance. Ask for Terms!

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EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
☞ Office on Centre street, near High

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office Armory Building, opp. Court House.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd, (first floor,) Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

DR. OLDSHOE,
534 GRANT STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—STEAM ENGINES, CLAY and Ore Pans, Boiler and Sheet-Iron Work.—Second-hand engines and boilers on hand. Hoisting engines and machinery a specialty.—THOMAS CARLIN, Allegheny, Pa. (Jan. 22.-1y.)

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of prime quality, bought in any quantity for cash on delivery, free of brokerage, commission, storage, &c., by

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Important to Canvassers.

WANTED—Live Canvassers in every county in the United States to sell FOX'S PATENT REVERSIBLE SAD IRON, which combines two Sad Irons, Polisher, Fluter, &c., one iron doing the work of an entire set of ordinary irons. Is self-heating by gas or alcohol lamp. DOES AWAY WITH HOT KITCHENS. Price moderate. A large and lasting income insured to good canvassers. Address, for circulars, &c., FOX SAD IRON CO., 95 Reade St., N. Y.

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OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"

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T. W. DICK,

AGENT FOR THE

OLD HARTFORD

FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS

1794.

Ebensburg, July 1st, 1882.

ST. FRANCIS' COLLEGE,

LORETTO, PA,

IN CHARGE OF

FRANCISCAN BROTHERS.

Board and Tuition

for the Scholastic Year, $200.

March 26th, 1886. tf.

GANNS KIDNEY CURE

For Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Bright's Heart, Urinary or Liver diseases. Cure Guaranteed. Office, 831 Arch street, Philadelphia. All druggists. Try it. $1 a bottle, six for $5.

March 16, 1888.-1y.

WANTED SALESMEN to sell Nursery Stock. All Goods Warranted First-class. Permanent, pleasant, profitable positions for the right men. Good salaries and expenses paid weekly. Liberal inducements to beginners. No previous experience necessary. Outfit free. Write for terms, giving age. CHARLES H. CHASE, Nurseryman, Rochester N. Y. Mention this paper.

April 6, 1888.-8t.

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Agency

T. W. DICK,

General Insurance Agent,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Ploughs and Ploughing.

Professor J. W. Sanborn, of the Missouri State Agricultural college, has issued a bulletin giving the results of experiments made by him, in which he shows that as ploughing is usually done there is a great loss of power, resulting in either inferior work or overtaxing the team, from the improper adjustment of ploughs with reference to depth and width of cut, improper adjustment of harness, the use of coulter of any form, and the non use of wheel or truck under the end of the beam to regulate the depth of furrow. The tests of draught were all made with the dynamometer previously tested for its correctness and its indications carefully noted so that the results arrived at can be accepted as correct.

Most farm harnesses have an extension of the hip straps with a loop at the end through which the traces pass to hold the latter in place when the team is unhitched. This loop is on about a direct line of the trace when the horses are hitched to a farm wagon. But when taken from the wagon and hitched to the plough the doubletrees are so much lower than when on the wagon as to cause an angle in the trace from where it passes through the supporting loop to the whiffletree. Such conditions he found caused a serious increase of the draught. The least draught is found where the trace extends in a direct line from its attachment at the hame to the centre of draught in the plough when adjusted to its best depth for working.

The use of a coulter of any kind also added to the draught, while the use of a wheel under the end of the beam—now fallen into disuse—lessened materially the draught. Thus, as a result of several tests, with and without truck or wheel, the following averages were reached: Average draught per square inch of furrow turned with wheel on 4.87 pounds; without wheel, 5.56 pounds; per cent. of draught saved by use of wheel 14.1. In the test of coulters, the old and the new style knife and rolling coulters were used with following results: Average draught with coulter on per square inch of furrow turned, 5.77 pounds; with coulter off, 4.99 pounds. Loss by use of coulter in per cent. 15.6 or about the same as the gain by the use of the wheel.

How the Chinese Keep Warm.

The evening is chilly, and everybody is swollen out to ridiculous proportions by the numerous thick quilted garments they are wearing. All present, whether male or female, are likewise distinguished by abnormally protruding stomachs. Being Manchus and therefore the accredited warriors of the country, it occurs to me that perhaps the fashionable fad among them is to pad out their stomach in token of the possession of extraordinary courage, the stomach being regarded by the Chinese as the seat of both courage and intelligence. In the absence of large stomachs provided by nature, perhaps these proud Manchus come to the correction of niggardly nature with wadding, as do various hollow chested people in the "region of mist and snow," the dreary sunless land whence cometh the genus Fankwae.

But are the females also ambitious to be regarded as warriors, Amazonian soldiers, full of courage and warlike aspirations? As though in direct reply to my mental queries, a woman standing by solves the problem for me at once by producing from beneath her garments a wicker basket, containing a jar of hot ashes; stirring the deadened coals up a little she replaced it, evidently attaching it to her garments underneath by a little hook.

Renting Articles for Occasions.

"Renting articles for occasions," said a New York jeweler, "is a growing feature with us. It is hardly a regular business, but a number of the large houses are in it to an extent. They call it accommodating their friends, but they collect fees. There is a woman in New York in the business of renting jewelry who frequently lets out fifty thousand or seventy-five thousand dollars' worth of jewels in an evening. They blaze on their wearers' persons and nobody knows they are only borrowed glitter. Who are the borrowers? Mostly men. You would not think it. You would guess that femine vanity was at the bottom of the business. But the male bird is the vainest, let me tell you. Besides, women usually own more gems than men. The articles loaned are diamonds principally—studs, collar-buttons, rings, sleeve-buttons, etc. Men want them for receptions, weddings and dinners. Women borrow bracelets, and ocasionally a necklace. Now, a magnificent necklace can be got up for three thousand five hundred, or four thousand dollars, that the non-professional observer will think worth ten thousand dollars. Fancy the feelings of a woman who wears such an article at a swell entertainment! She's happy, isn't she? Well, such an article has been rented several times this winter. Jewelers, of course, do not let these valuables to people they do not know. They exact security for the most expensive. Articles of vertu and bric-a-brac for adorning a room are often rented, also. All of these must be returned early the next morning."

There is a woman in Defiance, Ohio who is quite out of her sphere. The other day she sent the following note to to the teacher who has her nine little ones in charge: "Deer Cir, you will pleze not learn my children ennything about the fizzyology stuff. I do not not think it purty to talk to children about their Skillion and Bones and I won't have it. I want my children raised nice, you can learn them to speak grammar and talk korrect, but I do not desire to know they have sech things as bones. Pleze let them come home before the fizzyology class begins to talk."

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Shiloh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if it does you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Dr. T. J Davison.

KASKINE
THE NEW QUININE.



GIVES GOOD APPETITE STRENGTH, QUIET NERVES, HAPPY DAYS, SWEET SLEEP.

A POWERFUL TONIC,
that the most delicate stomach will bear.
A SPECIFIC FOR MALARIA, RHEUMATISM, NERVOUS PROSTRATION,
and all Germ Diseases.

The most scientific and successful Blood Purifier. Superior to quinine.

Mr. John O. Scarborough, Selma, N. C., writes: "I got malaria in the Southern army and for a dozen years suffered from its debilitating effects. I was terribly run down when I heard of Kaskine, the new quinine. It helped me at once. I gained 35 pounds. Have not had such good health in 20 years.

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

Letters from the above persons, giving full details will be sent on application.

Kaskine can be taken without any special medical advice. $1 a bottle. Sold by all druggists, or sent by mail on receipt of price.
THE KASKINE CO., 54 Warren St., New York.



DR. SINE'S SYRUP CURES COUGHS AND COLDS.



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NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO. ORANGE, MASS.
CHICAGO, 30 UNION SQUARE, N.Y. DALLAS, TEX.
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FOR SALE BY

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Our Cottage Upright is a marvel of beauty, and the highest grade of excellency.

It will pay to write us.
(MENTION THIS PAPER.)

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For CHEAP EXCURSION To
CALIFORNIA.
$72 from St. Louis via Iron Mountain Route
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Tickets are good for six months, limited to sixty days for going passage with stop over privileges at pleasure within limit of west-bound passage. Special excursion trains leave St. Louis via Iron Mountain Route, February 5th and Kansas City via Missouri Pacific Railway, February 17th. At all coupon offices in the United States and Canada will sell tickets to Los Angeles, San Diego and San Francisco for this EXCURSION.

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I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N.Y.

Paine's Celery Compound

CURES Nervous Prostration, Nervous Headache, Neuralgia, Nervous Weakness, Stomach and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, and all affections of the Kidneys.

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Paine's Celery Compound is a Nerve Tonic which never fails. Containing Celery and Coca, those wonderful nerve stimulants, it speedily cures all nervous disorders.

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Paine's Celery Compound purifies the blood. It drives out the lactic acid, which causes Rheumatism, and restores the blood-making organs to a healthy condition. It is the true remedy for Rheumatism.

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Paine's Celery Compound strengthens the stomach, and quiets the nerves of the digestive organs. This is why it cures even the worst cases of Dyspepsia.

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Paine's Celery Compound is not a cathartic. It is a laxative, giving easy and natural action to the bowels. Regularity surely follows its use.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for book.
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FULL NICKEL PLATED, RUBBER HANDLE.
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Made for all sizes of Cartridges which are used in any of the following Rifles or Pistols: Marlin, Colt's, Winchester, Ballard, Stevens, Remington, Whitney-Kennedy, Smith & Wesson; also for all gauges and makes of
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for 1888, will be sent FREE to all who write for it. It is a Handsome Catalogue with Colored Plates, and the FINEST COLLECTION OF SEEDS ever offered. Our specialty is supplying MARKET GARDENERS with varieties specially adapted to their purposes, and all TOOLS necessary to manage a complete garden. If you grow VEGETABLES FOR MARKET, tell us so when you send for our Catalogue.
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The Standard Oil Company of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of
ILLUMINATING AND LUBRICATING OILS, NAPHTHA AND GASOLINE
That can be made from Petroleum.
If you wish the most uniformly satisfactory oils in the market ask for ours. Trade for Ebensburg and vicinity supplied by
V. S. BARKER & BRO.,
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NOT DEAD YET!
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,
Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacturing to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.
No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices.
V. LUTTRINGER.
Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

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MARBLEINE, SUPERIOR TO KALSOMINE.
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PAINTS and VARNISH in ONE APPLICATION, AT A COST OF 50 CENTS FOR A BODY.
Harness Oil, &c., &c.,
SAMPLE CARDS FREE.
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WE want SALESMEN everywhere, local and travelling, to sell our goods. Will pay good salary and all expenses. Write for terms at once, and state salary wanted. STANDARD SILVERWARE COMPANY, Boston, Mass.

SALESMEN WANTED
to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. Salary and expenses paid. Apply at once, stating age.
(Refer to this paper.)
SNELL & HOWLAND,
Rochester, N. Y.
April 6, 1888.—3t.

CONSUMPTION
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N.Y.

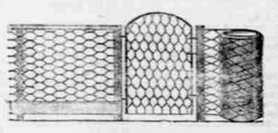
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WEARS LIKE STEEL
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WILL-NOT-RUN-OVER
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KENTUCKY MULES.



The only firm in Penn'a who make a specialty of Kentucky Saddle and Driving Horses, Draught and Pit Mules and keep constantly in their stables one hundred head of Mules, all sizes, from four foot to the large mule weighing 1,200 lbs., are D. Swinehart & Co., 52 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Mules shipped to all parts of the State on order. Nothing but No. 1 placed stock to be found in their stables. Correspondence solicited.

STEEL WIRE FENCE.



The cheapest and neatest Fence for around Lawns, School Lots, Poultry Yards, Gardens, Farms, Park and Cemetery Fences and Gates. Perfect Automatic Gate. Also, all kinds of Wire Work. Write for Prices. State kind and quality of fence wanted.
TAYLOR & DEAN,
223 & 225 Market Street, Pittsburg, Pa.
March 23, 1888.-6m.

SALESMEN WANTED
to canvass for the sale of Nursery Stock! Steady employment guaranteed. SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Apply at once, stating age.
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY,
(Refer to this paper.)
Rochester, N. Y.

I. P. Thomas & Son's,
BONE FERTILIZERS
Contain all the valuable elements of stable manure in a concentrated form. Specially prepared for all crops. They are manufactured for results—permanent results. They cannot be beaten in the field.
OUR WORKS possess every facility. We give them our personal attention. For the same money we guarantee our goods not to be surpassed. Those who use them endorse them. You use them and you will endorse them.
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I. P. THOMAS & SON,
Philadelphia, Penn'a.
FOR SALE BY
W. J. ANSTEAD, Johnstown; JOSEPH A. NOEL, Ebensburg.
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PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE,
St. Louis to Los Angeles and San Francisco,
VIA THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE
Leave St. Louis at 8:30 P. M., Daily.
THE ONLY LINE THAT DOES IT.
NO HIGH ALTITUDES, NO SNOW BLOCKADES

France's Sinking Shore.

Just lately, on the coast of Brittany, one of those geological discoveries has been made which suggest to the mind periods of time making the longest human life appear but a span, and exhibiting processes quite dwarfing the ambitious human achievements. This is the disclosure, by the displacement of a mass of sand, during the last high tides, of a forest that must have been buried for some twenty centuries at least. The situation is just opposite Saint Malo, at the foot of the cliffs of Saint Enogat and Saint Lunaire. The forest is supposed to have once extended from Saint Malo to beyond Mount Saint Michel. This discovery is considered of great scientific interest, as it affords a remarkable illustration of the gradual sinking of the French shore. The progress of this sinking during the last 2,000 years is clearly shown in an old map found at the Abby of the Mount Saint Michel. Within no more than seven centuries back as many as seven parishes are said to have disappeared by the subsidence of this region. And in the Bay of Douranenez there is known to have existed in the fifth century quite a flourishing town called Is, the scene of the famous tragical legend. Even now, at low water may be seen the old walls of Is, which are called by the inhabitants Mogher Greghi (wall of the Greeks). The people of the country pretend that they can sometimes hear the old church bells of the submerged city ringing with the motion of the current.

French geologists estimate that the gradual sinking of the soil of Brittany, Normandy, Artois, Belgium and Holland is not less than seven feet a century. At this rate it is calculated that in about ten centuries all the Channel ports will be destroyed, and Paris itself will have become a maritime city. In another ten centuries it is predicted that the French capital itself will have become entirely submerged, excepting, perhaps, that the tops of the Pantheon, of the Arc de Triomphe and other such monuments may be discernable at low water by the people who will then be living.

Make Lime Water at Home.

There is no need whatever of running to the druggist and buying lime water every time it is needed. And, by the way, it is very useful to have in the house in case of sour stomach, etc. A teaspoonful of it with half a pint of milk will often make the milk quite digestible, when without the lime water, it might sour and produce colic, or distress in the stomach. To make lime water, get a lump of good unslaked lime, the size of a hen's egg, or larger; put it in an old pitcher and pour on a pint or so of water. As soon as it is slaked and cool enough, stir it with a spoon or stick and pour off the principal part of the milky fluid into a pint or quart bottle, leaving the dregs in the pitcher to be thrown away. Cork the bottle well and let it stand quiet. In a few hours the lime will settle to the bottom, except what is dissolved in the clear water above it, and this water will nearly always be of uniform strength. When used down so that it cannot be poured off without stirring the bottom, add more water, shake the bottle, cork it well, and let it again settle for use. Once a year or so, make up a new lot as at first. Lime the size of an egg will be enough for a good many quarts of lime water, which will practically cost nothing. At the ordinary temperature of 60 degrees, a pint of clear lime water contains only 9½ grains of lime. (A pound is 7000 grains). Lime water is a little antacid, and a little tonic also.

Time to Plant Gardens.

Considerable loss comes from neglect of the prompt start of garden crops. The only plausible reason for delay is the fear of frost. But the injury nine times out of ten is greater from drought of summer than from frost in spring. Peas, roots, lettuce, etc., are so hardy that they seldom suffer, even from a pretty severe frost. Corn will bear a slight frost, for if slightly nipped it will continue to grow, and make as good stalks generally as if left untouched by frost.

In early planting, although the weather subsequently may not be favorable for the plants rising so quickly above ground as when the soil is warmer, the seed sends forth roots, and these obtain greater size and strength to push the stalks forward more rapidly when they come up than from later planting. Beans are more tender, but I have occasionally seen them escape frosts which at other times killed them—the reason of which I could not divine, for the circumstances of the two cases were apparently precisely alike.

For garden crops, considerable risk may be taken in early planting, for in case of loss by frost it is little labor to replant, and things get so forward before the summer's excessive heat or drought comes on, that they scarcely suffer to any great extent.

For field crops, which are so much larger, it is better to wait planting sufficiently late to insure the crops from May frosts. Where the soil is naturally rich, or if poor, well fertilized, the crops push up so vigorously as to make them less susceptible to unfavorable weather of any kind. This shows the necessity of putting the ground in first-rate condition before planting, and adding any fertilizer during the growth of the crops necessary to ensure a paying crop.—*Ex.*

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Mothers do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison

Of the seventy-six United States Senators only ten have recieved a classical education, and of the Representatives only 108 have attended college.

Patmos Now.

Before the Christian era the name of Patmos only occurs in a few passages of ancient writers, and of its history, if it had one, nothing is known; it was when it became the place of banishment of St John the Divine, and the scene of his apocalyptic vision, that it once for all attracted the attention of mankind. At the present day it is one of the least accessible of the Ægean islands, for owing to its remote position and the unproductiveness of its soil no steamers ever touch there. Long before we arrived, the monastry of St. John, which is the most conspicuous building in the island, had been in sight, crowning the summit of a high hill, like a vast sombre castle, with the white houses of the town clustered round it; behind this rose the peak of Hagios Elias, which reaches the elevation of more than 800 feet. The *scala*, or village at the landing-place, has a very peculiar aspect, for each of the small two-storied houses of which it is composed resembles a square, flat topped box, as white as whitewash can make it. This mode of building prevails throughout this island, and, as we afterwards found, in those that lie to the southward of it.

In shape Patmos may be roughly described as forming a crescent, the horns of which face eastward; but its outline is broken up by innumerable promontories enclosing landlocked creeks, so that, when seen from above, it presents somewhat the aspect of a strange polypus. Its length from north to south is about eight miles, and its area is rugged and broken; but the most marked peculiarity is that it is almost divided in two in the middle, for in this part, within a distance of little more than half a mile from one another, are two isthmuses only a few hundred yards wide, and rising but slightly above sea-level. On the southernmost of these the *scala* is situated, while between the two stands the steep hill on which the acropolis of the Hellenic city was built. The narrow waist thus formed serves for a boundary line to determine the domain of the monastery, for while the southern half of the island belongs to the monks, the northern part is the possession of the civil community. At the time of the foundation of the convent no women were allowed to pass this limit, but within a short time the restriction had to be abandoned. The soil of which the island is composed is everywhere volcanic and very barren, and its coasts are flanked by red and gray rocks, which ever and anon break into quaint pinnacles. The absence of running water is shown by the numerous wind mills, and there are only three or four wells in the whole area; the want of these, however, is made up for by cisterns, and the inhabitants are never obliged to import water, as sometimes happens in Santorio. The male population are chiefly employed in the sponge fishery, which is carried on in many of the Sporades. The island is most commonly known by its mediæval name of Patine, in like manner as Astypalæa is still called Astropalea, and Carpathos Scarpanto.

White House Pets.

Nellie Arthur had a spotted Indian pony for the apple of her eye.

Mrs. Pierce was very fond of the black nag that her husband rode.

Mrs. Monroe brought the first white rabbit to the National premises.

Harriet Lane had a large stag hound that was presented to her in England.

"Dolly" Madison's particular pet was a fine saddle nag. At Montpelier she had a pet sheep.

Mrs. Adams had a great goldfish and one of a blueish tint, sent her by a New England sea captain.

Mrs. Hayes had a magnificent imported Japanese cat that was presented to her by a naval officer.

Martha Washington's chief pet was a beautiful green parrot. Mrs. Washington was also very fond of a fallow deer.

Mrs. Grant had a "strawberry roan" cow that was a superb milker, and supplied her table with milk and cream.

Mrs. Bliss, President Taylor's daughter, who presided over the White House until her father's death, had a splendid white owl.

Miss Cleveland's pet while at the White House was a beautiful rose which she found in the conservatory, and which now bears her name.

An eagle occupied a cage at the mansion for a part of President Fillmore's term, a gift from a political admirer, and the noble bird was often fed by Mrs. Fillmore.

Mrs. Jackson never presided at the White House, but a large black and white coon that had been caught when young and trained by one of her faithful slaves had the run of the household.

A Desperate Mother Saves Her Child.

"Speaking of serious cases of diphtheria," says Dr. Willis, of Brooklyn, in the New York *Sun*, "I know of a singular case that occurred in Sixth avenue, New York, only a short time ago. It was a child 4 years of age. It was so near death's door that the family physician had given up all hopes of its recovery. The poor mother was almost distracted. She pleaded with the doctor to save her child if possible, but to no avail. His last call was about 9 o'clock in the evening. As he left the house, the mother took up the child in her arms and looked down its throat, and saw that it could scarcely get its breath. As the mother watched its sufferings she became desperate, and thought to herself: "If I could only pull that false membrane out of its throat I believe my child would live."

"In a twinkle she put her fore-finger down the child's throat and extricated the false membrane that obstructed its breathing.

"When the physician called in the morning he expected to see the corpse of the child. He inquired of the mother of the sudden change for the better, when she told him what she had done.

"Why, my good woman," said he, "you have saved the child's life at a great risk. Let me see the false membrane."

"When shown to him he asked leave to take it, as he desired to make it the subject of a lecture before the Medical College in this city, and his request was granted."

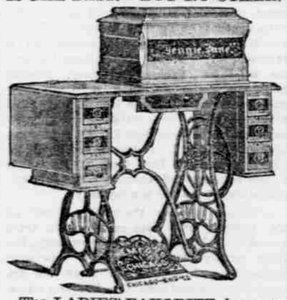
In Our Popular Brand
Old Honesty
Will be found a Combination not always to be had.
A FINE QUALITY OF PLUG TOBACCO
AT A REASONABLE PRICE
FINZER'S LOOK FOR THIS OLD HONESTY ON EACH PLUG
IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A FIRST CLASS ARTICLE IN
CHEWING TOBACCO
DON'T FAIL TO GIVE
Old Honesty
A FAIR TRIAL
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT
DON'T TAKE ANY OTHER
JNO. FINZER & BROS., LOUISVILLE, KY.

CARRIAGES, WAGONS & SLEIGHS



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A dry subject—An Egyptian mummy.

In the days of manuscript books people learned by wrote.

Wisely improving the present—selling the duplicate gift.

It takes a great deal of pluck to get the feathers off a live goose.

A stable government should be one that is ruled by horse sense.

"Lynching doesn't put down criminals in Texas," No, it raises them up.

The newest trust is a honey trust. There may be some cell about it though.

What is it that never was and never will be? A mouse's nest in a cat's ear.

The boy who has a female school teacher knows all about miss placed switches.

Religion is the best armour that any man can have, but the very worst of cloaks.

The latest figures show that there are 16,447,990 Sunday school scholars in the world.

There are said to be several gypsies in New York that are worth over $100,000 apiece.

Time conquers grief as the sunshine dispels the clouds, and love overcomes distrust.

There are only forty-five female lawyers in the United States, but they talk like sixty.

Lady—Let me see something handsome and cheap. Clerk—You can gaze on me, madam.

He (ardently)—I'd give a thousand millions to win your love, Adelaide. She—Cash?

"Men resemble the gods in nothing so much as in doing good to their fellow creatures."

Judge—Madam, what is your age? She—Your honor, I leave that to the mercy of the court.

"There's nothing so deaf as an adder," said the man who could get no reply from a busy accountant.

A physician says: If a child does not thrive on fresh milk, boil it. This is too severe. Why not spank it?

Wife—"John, the Doctor is down stairs with his bill." Husband—"Tell him I'm not well enough to see him."

A handsome Maltese cat, taken from Norfolk, Va., to Staunton, traveled back home, 276 miles, by itself, in a few weeks.

Every man is born with a mentor. That's his conscience. When he gets older he often gets a tormentor. That's his wife.

First Omaha lady—"Have you seen the crematory?" Second Omaha lady—No, I haven't but I here they make lovely butter there.

Niagara landlord—You look tired and thirsty. Won't you have a glass of water? Cautious visitor (who has read about the Falls)—How much is it?

The relative distances of the sun and the moon were first calculated, geometrically, by Aristarchus, who also maintained the stability of the sun, about 280, B. C.

Little Sister (to Bobby)—What's twins, Bobby?"

Bobby (who knows a thing or two)—Twins, Sadie, are little children what the Mormons has."

The present National Bank system of the United States was organized February 25, 1863, to give uniformity to the paper currency and the banking laws of the country.

At a fashionable school in Washington nail culture is almost a part of the curriculum, and the boarders are visited regularly by a manicure and instructed in the mysteries of ungual adornment.

Among the Japanese engravings which are now exhibited in London is one in which is shown a little boy exposing his body to the attacks of mosquitoes, so that his parents may be spared the bites.

"Jennie," said a young lady, turning away from the mirror and addressing a companion, "what would you do if you had a mustache on your lips?" "If I liked him I would keep quiet," was the demure reply.

Paterfamilias—"I can't imagine what is the matter with my watch. It must need cleaning." Bobby—"Oh, no, don't papa. Baby and me had it in the wash-basin all the morning, and got it quite clean."

An act of the Ohio General Assembly requires druggists to label every package of poison they sell with two antidotes to the drug, as well as with the word "poisons," which is now placed on every such package.

A "coughing ghost" is the reigning sensation at Little Falls, N. Y., where two families have vacated a house, because, as they claim, their rest has been disturbed for some time past by a mysterious hacking cough, which cannot in any way be traced to human agency.

The Earth's Supports.

In the early groupings of the human mind probably no problem was more perplexing than that of the earth's foundation. One of the most primitive ideas represented the earth as a vast flat island, surrounded by an interminable ocean; and this the view was subsequently modified by giving the ocean a circular boundary, with endless roots stretching downward beneath the whole. The priests of Veda asserted that the earth was supported on twelve columns, between which the sun passed. Aneximander regarded the earth as a cylinder floating in compressed air. The idea that the earth floated long prevailed, even the early Hindoos, who supposed the hemispherical earth to rest on the heads of four elephants standing on the back of a tortoise, maintaining that the tortoise rested on the universal ocean. Aristotle and Strabo conceived the sphericity of the earth, but what supported it as the motionless centre of their universe puzzled them. Cosmas, A. D. 535, propounded the system of a square earth, resting on nothing and supporting the heavens on solid walls. The Venerable Bede, who lived in the eighth century, regarded the earth as a floating egg, and this notion lasted many centuries. These crude theories have come down to a surprisingly recent period—so much a thing of to-day is our modern science.